THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL.

BY JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO. MEMPHIS, TENN., SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1868. VOLUME XVIII.—NUMBER 153

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

PUBLISHED DAILY & WEEKLY
—BY—
JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

TO ADVERTISERS AND PATRONS OF THE APPEAL.

We take pleasure in announcing to the advertising patrons of the APPEAL a reduction in our rates of advertising. We make this reduction in justice to the small advertiser, who has heretofore been taxed disproportionately to the large ones.

After about one year's effort to bring the APPEAL back to its old position as the leading and most widely circulated paper in the State, we have succeeded.

We feel justified in saying, that so far as circulation is concerned, there is no better advertising medium in the city or State. We call attention to our terms for advertising. They have been adopted by us without consulting any other journal; and they will not be departed from. They are now no higher than those of the journals of Louisville, lower than those of New Orleans; and as low as is compatible with the existence of a respectable newspaper in Memphis.

Rates of Advertising of the Memphis Appeal.

Space	First Insertion	Two Insertions	Three Insertions	One Week	Two Weeks	One Month
5 lines	$ 50	$ 75	$1 00	$1 75	$2 25	$ 5 00
6 "	60	1 05	1 40	2 45	4 13	7 00
7 "	80	1 20	1 60	2 80	4 72	8 00
8 "	90	1 35	1 80	3 15	5 31	9 00
10 "	1 00	1 50	2 00	3 50	5 90	10 00
11 "	1 01	1 65	2 20	3 85	6 49	11 11
12 "	1 20	1 80	2 40	4 20	7 08	12 12
13 "	1 30	1 95	2 60	4 55	7 67	13 13
14 "	1 40	2 10	2 80	4 90	8 26	14 14
15 "	1 50	2 25	3 00	5 25	8 85	15 15
20 "	2 00	3 00	4 00	7 00	11 80	20 20

On advertisements for *three* months or more, ten per cent. will be deducted from the above rates.

Advertisements to occupy fixed places, will be charged fifty per cent. over regular rates.

Advertisements inserted at intervals, to be charged twenty per cent. on regular rates.

Notices in Brevier, twenty cents per line.

Advertisements in WEEKLY, one dollar per square for each insertion.

All advertisements, except for established business houses, with whom we have running accounts, must be paid for in advance.

Marriage and Death notices, fifty cents. Charitable and Religious notices, ten cents per line.

All bills due on first insertion of advertisement. All bills with regular advertisers to be rendered monthly.

By the system now adopted, and from which the APPEAL will in no case depart, we shall be able to advertise lower for prompt men, and not to tax them with the losses which newspaper publishers generally suffer by adjusting on credit.

Political notices must hereafter be paid for as and all Special notices will be charged for at the regular price, except when they are strictly voluntary and complimentary.

Communications of a Personal nature will be charged for at the same rates as local notices.

JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

DIRECTORY
Of First Class Business Houses
OF MEMPHIS.

Eastland, Lloyd & Gilbert, Queensware, 321 Main street.

German National Bank, No. 293 Main street.

Gayoso Savings Institute, 1 Madison st. John C. Lanier, President.

H. Wetter & Co. Hardware, 13 & 15 Monroe street.

Holmes & Wharton, Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 36 Madison.

H. A. Littleton & Co, Insurance Agency, 16 Madison street.

J. Gunbiner, Optician and Jeweler, 294 Main street.

J. G. Moffatt, Fancy Goods and Trimmings, 347 Main street.

Mercer, Ware & Talley, Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, No. 194 Main street.

Mansfield & Higbee, Druggists, 301 and 303 Main street.

Mallon & Otis, St. Louis Mutual Life Insurance Company, 43 Madison street.

M'Cadden & Carmellus, Undertakers, 317 Second street.

Matthews & Alexander, Agricultural Implements, 272 second street.

M. J. Rossi, Grocer and Cotton Factor, 316 Front street.

Pike & Adams, Attorneys at Law, No. 293 Main street.

Partee, Methee & Co, Cotton Factors and Commission Merchants, 7 Monroe st.

Price & Yeatman, Produce, No 11 Monroe

Robeson, Sneed & Co., Fashionable Clothiers, 335 Main street.

R. A. Moon, Cotton Factor, No. 276 Front street.

Vredenburgh & Sylvester, General Insurance Agents, 18 Madison street.

Worsham House, C B Galloway, proprietor, Main and Adams.

MASONIC DIRECTORY.

HEBREW CALENDAR.

A. M.—5628.

1st Tisri, 30th Septemb'r,	1867.
1st Kheshvan, 30th October,	"
1st Kislev, 29th November,	"
1st Tebet, 27th Decem. or,	"
1st Shebat, 25th January,	1868.
1st Adar, 26th February,	"
1st Nisan, 24th March,	"
1st Eyar, 23d April,	"
1st Sivan, 23d May,	"
1st Tammuz, 21st June,	"
1st Ab, 20th July,	"
1st Elul, 18th August,	"
Ash Wednesday, 26th February,	1868.
Maunday Thursday, 9th April,	"
Good Friday, 10th April,	"
Easter Sunday, 12th April,	"
Ascension, 21st May,	"
Pentecost, 31st May,	"

Saint Andrew's Day, 30th November in each year. jal2 mhl tf

MASONIC DIRECTORY.
1867.

LODGES.

ANCHORNA, No. 168. Meets 1st Monday in every month, at Odd-Fellows' Hall, cor. Court and Main. D. R. Forster, 234 Front street, W. M.; John Beamish, Sec'y.

SOUTH MEMPHIS, No. 118. Meets 2d Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. —A. J. Wheeler, W. M.; Benj. K. Pullen, Sec.

LEILA SCOTT, No. 286. Meets 1st Friday of each month—Hall, cor. Madison and Second. John Ainslie, W. M.; H. P. Woodward, Sec.

MEMPHIS, No. 206. Meets 3d Friday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. P. M. Stanley, W. M.; W. H. Butts, Sec.

KILWINNING, No. 81 (D. D.) Meets 4th Friday of each month—204 Front street. George Mellersh, 224, W. M.; B. K. Pullen, 32d, Sec.

ROYAL ARCH.

PENN Chapter, No. 4. Meets 2d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, M. E. H. P.; D. M. Levy, Sec'y.

R. AND S. M.

EUREKA Council, No. 6. Meets 3d Monday of each month—Odd-Fellows' Hall. John Zent, Th. Ill.; N. J. Wiggins, Sec.

TEMPLARS.

CYRENE Commandery, No. 4. Meets 4th Monday of each month. John Zent, Com.; N. J. Wiggins, Rec.

A. AND A. SCOTTISH RITE.

204 Front Street.

HERMES Lodge of Perfection, 14th; No. 1. Stated Communications 2d Wednesday night of each month. Henry P. Woodard, 32d, G. M.; Charles M. Carroll, 14th, Sec.

MITHRAS Lodge of Perfection, 14th.; No. 2. Meets 4th Tuesday of each month. George Mellersh, 32d, G. M.; A. E. Frankland, 32d, Sec.

CADMUS Council of Princes of Jerusalem, 16th.; No. 1. Benj. K. Pullen, 32d., Tarsh.; ——

CALVARY Chapter of Rose Croix, 18th., No. 1. Charles W. Adams, 32d, M. W.; M. T. Tomlinson, 32d, Sec.

PHILIPPE DUPLESSIS Council of K—h, 30th., No. 1. Henry P. Woodard, 32d., Comm.; William Y. Croft, 32d, Rec.

CONSISTORY of WEST TENNESSEE, 32d. John Ainslie, 32d., Comm'r. in Chief; Dodge C. Crader, 32d, Reg.

MILLS, LUMBER, ETC.

R. P. WALT & CO.,
DEALERS IN
Cypress Lumber,
No. 190 Main Street.

CYPRESS LUMBER of all dimensions on hand, which we wish to clear out at a sacrifice. Parties wishing Lumber should call on us without delay. dec15

CUBBINS, GUNN & COOVER,
Planing Mill and Lumber Yard,
161, 163 and 165 Washington St.,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

HAVE always on hand a general assortment of Flooring, Ceiling and Weatherboarding, Sash, Doors, Blinds, Moulding and Stair Material, Building and Framing Lumber of all kinds, seasoned Oak and Walnut, clear. Planing and surfacing all sizes of Lumber out of winds. Scroll Sawing, Wood Turning and House-work generally. All orders promptly attended to. Prices reduced. Give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. dec15

SMITH & DUNNING,
SHIPPING & COMMISSION
MERCHANTS,
NO. 65 SOUTH STREET,
JAMES SMITH, } NEW YORK.
CHARLES OSGOOD. }
Represented by Colonel J. A. DRAKE, Memphis, Tenn.

PROFESSIONAL CARDS

ISHAM C. HARRIS,
Attorney at Law,
OFFICE IN BETHELL BLOCK, CORNER OF South Court and Main streets, Memphis, Tennessee. Jan29 tf

S. HINSON,
DENTIST,
No. 233 Main Street
CLAY BUILDING.
ap6 nov22 ja25 dawly

Dr. C. B. NORRIS,
OCULIST.
Cures all Kinds of Sore Eyes.
Office in Bethell Block, up-stairs. Entrance 63 Main street. ja2 tuthsw

R. A. SANFORD. SAM'L TOOLE. S. E. GAMMON.
SANFORD, TOOLE & GAMMON,
Attorneys at Law,
237 Main Street, Memphis,
Ja22 1m UP STAIRS.

DR. LUKE P. BLACKBURN,
Office: No. 351 Main street,
(OVER FALL'S DRUG STORE.)
Residence—Gayoso House. nov12 tf

A. WRIGHT, L. D. M'KISICK. LUKE E. WRIGHT.
WRIGHT, M'KISICK & WRIGHT,
Attorneys at Law,
In the Kit Williams Block, Nos. 3 and 4, up-stairs, Madison street. dec7

MARLAND L. PERKINS,
ASSISTANT U. S. ATTORNEY,
SOLICITOR IN BANKRUPTCY,
—AND—
PROCTOR IN ADMIRALTY.
Office, No. 450 Main St., Waldran Block, Memphis, Tenn.
nov3 tf

J. B. WASSON & WM. WASSON,
DENTISTS,
HAVE removed the office to their old stand, over Tutt & Bro. Drug Store, No. 345, Main street. dec8 tf

Harris & Blair,
DENTISTS
No. 217 Corner Second and Adams Sts.,
ADAMS' BLOCK.
J. F. HARRIS. C. L. BLAIR.
nov8 dawly

J. E. TERPENING,
Attorney at Law,
Solicitor in Bankruptcy and Commissioner of Deeds.
OFFICE—No. 12 Jefferson street, Room No 17 Third Story, Titus Block. nov8

R. W. WINCHESTER, Late of Gallatin, Tenn. ROBERT A. HATCHER, Late of Missouri.
WINCHESTER & HATCHER,
ATTORNEYS AT LAW and General Collecting Agents, 227 Second Street, Memphis, Tennessee.

ALBERT PIKE & SON, Little Rock, Ark. PIKE & ADAMS, 293 Main st., Memphis.
L. H. PIKE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW
—AND—
Solicitor in Chancery,
Little Rock, - - Arkansas.
Will practice in the Federal and State Courts. Collections promptly a tended to. mhl tf

Architect and Engineer.
THE undersigned would respectfully inform his friends and the public that he is prepared to devote his whole attention to Designing Plans and Superintending Buildings, with as much energy and attention to his patrons' interest as he did for the City's interest while City Engineer.
Office—Shillman Block, Second and Madison streets. Charges reasonable.
WM. H. M'CLURE,
Architect and Engineer.

JOHN K. WINCHELL,
ARCHITECT,
16 Madison Street—Room 13.
PLANS and specifications for all descriptions of private and public buildings furnished on short notice.
Remodeling of old buildings also attended to. Specimens of work can be seen at the office as above. All kinds of building operations superintended in person. nov20 3m

WINES AND LIQUORS.

HOFFHEIMER BROTHERS'
CELEBRATED
BAVARIAN BITTERS,
The best Bitters in the Market as a
TONIC AND APPETIZER.
NATHAN HOFFHEIMER & CO.,
276 Front Row.

Nathan Hoffheimer & Co.,
COMMISSION
—AND—
Forwarding Merchants,
Wholesale Dealers in
Imported and Domestic
WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS
Tobacco, Etc., Etc.,
No. 276 Front Street,
MEMPHIS, TENN.

Always on hand, a large supply of
Old Bourbon & Rye Whiskies,
Also, the Celebrated
BAVARIAN BITTERS.
oct12.

Just Received
10 barrels Cook's Five Year Old Bourbon.
2 quarter pipes "Pelly nisin" Brandy.
We have also a large and choice stock of
Rye and Bourbon Whiskies, Cordials, Liquors, and the Celebrated Bavarian Bitters.
NATHAN HOFFHEIMER & CO.,
an25 276 Front Street.

D. H. EVANS,
IMPORTER
AND WHOLESALE DEALER IN
WINES, LIQUORS
AND CIGARS,
No. 14 Monroe Street, Memphis.

MEGIBBEN & BROTHER,
WHOLESALE
Liquor Dealers,
281 : MAIN STREET : 281
Memphis, : : : Tennessee
Jan23 tf

A. VACCARO, B. VACCARO. M. MAGEVNEY, JR., A. B. VACCARO.
A. VACCARO & CO.,
Importers and Dealers in
WINES, LIQUORS, SEGARS,
ETC., ETC., ETC.,
324 Front Street, Memphis, Tenn.
my8

U. S. BONDED CELLAR.
NATHAN BRO.'S & CO.,
IMPORTERS OF
RHENISH & FRENCH WINES, LIQUORS,
Foreign Fruits
AND PRODUCE.
No. 262 Second Street,
OPPOSITE COURT SQUARE.
MEMPHIS, TENNESSEE.

NO. 14 JEFFERSON STREET.
COME listen friends while I tell, my shop is in the rear of the I X L. Gents, all around, I'll give you a scrape, or, like Captain Bragg, a little mote grape. I am on my own hook and on my own plan, my friends all say I'm a Conservative man. They may call me that or what they choose, they will find that I am all right on the goose. I am a Southern man tho' I am not white, yet I think the South is right; they gave me meat and gave me bread, I am a-going for the South till I go dead. Then, gents, come around at morn or noon, and get Shaved or Shampooned.
jan19 tf WM. DeMOSS.

GENERAL NEWS.

—Zara, the fine hurdle racer, bred by the late R. A. Alexander, in 1863, sired by Lexington, dam Zeta by Zenith, died on the 19th ult. She was owned by C. J. Alloway, of Canada, and cost him $2500.

—It is announced that Mr. Patterson has gone to Mobile to prepare the Magnolia course for the spring meeting, taking with him the horses "Gen. Rousseau" and "Star of the West"—the former a brother of "Muggins."

—The "old Bourbon," of Kentucky is made in several other counties besides the one from which its name, if made in the State at all. "Harrison" is famous, and "Nelson" has never been excelled. "Scott" is now going deeply into the business. In the month of December, Emerson & Wiggington made 1778½ gallons of whisky; T. J. Marshall, 1895½ gallons, and James M. Stone 8075 gallons. One day recently Mr. Stone made what might be called a "big run," turning off eighty barrels of the "juice of the corn," the government tax amounting to $6400. He is making an average of thirty barrels of whisky a day.

—They have a ghost sensation in Dubuque, where a house has been for some time pestered with noises, crashing of furniture, etc. What's to prevent them from having one wherever there is a spiritual medium?

—The Democratic papers of Michigan are urging the call of a Convention on the 4 h of March, for the nomination of a State ticket and the election of delegates to the National Democratic Convention.

—Fifty barrels more of highwines, in transit from Peoria, Ill., to Louisville, were seized at Indianapolis on Tuesday, and placed in a bonded warehouse. Forty five barrels were branded rectified whisky, and five fine alcohol.

—The proprietors and editors of the Charleston *Mercury* were on the 29th excluded from the Reconstruction Convention, to prevent breaches of the peace and personal collisions on the floor.

—On the 29th ult. they had quite a breeze in the Florida reconstruction Convention, which adjourned amid confusion and excitement consequent upon a motion to amend the rules expelling any member guilty of bribery or intimidation. The motion was ruled out of order.

—A cotton factory at Wappinger Falls, near Poughkeepsie, N. Y., was burned on Monday. Loss $20,000.

—It is ascertained beyond a doubt that the Freedmen's Bureau is to be indefinitely continued in the States of Kentucky and Tennessee.

—The Maine House of Representatives Friday voted, 100 to 33, to repeal the Constabulary laws.

—Wednesday was the coldest day of the season at St. Louis, the mercury indicating three degrees below zero. The river was frozen over and gorged between that point and Cairo.

—A fire in Bushnell, Illinois, Tuesday night, destroyed fifteen frame buildings on Main street. Loss about $20,000.

—Two sun dogs were distinctly visible in the horizon at St. Louis Thursday morning at sunrise.

—The Cincinnati Chamber of Commerce has appointed thirty-two delegates to the Commercial Convention, which meets in Boston on the 5th inst.

—The Internal revenue officers of Boston on Tuesday seized all the refined petroleum in first hands on suspicion that the tax had not been paid.

—The Albany (N. Y.) Academy of Music was burned early on the morning of the 29th. Nothing saved.

—One of the new colonists of Alaska has died of too much whisky, or watering it too much.

—In the Charleston Convention, on the 29th, a resolution was introduced for the purchase by the State of all lands forced on the market, then to be sold to actual settlers. Also praying Congress to appropriate out of the collected cotton tax of South Carolina $300,000 for purchasing land to be sold to the poor. An ordinance providing for taxation for the payment of the expenses of the Convention, amounting to $75,000, was passed.

—The 29th ult. is generally conceded to have been the coldest day this season, throughout the country.

GEORGIA ITEMS.

—The Columbus *Sun* of the 29th says that Meade is making good his promise to Wilson, of taking strong Radical ground. Pope managed to vote the population of Alabama at one precinct in each county in two days. Meade proposes to open three precincts in each county, and to add two days to the voting time.

—The Columbus *Sun* says: There is a sable statesman in the mulatto Convention at Atlanta, who is not affected by the pecuniary stringency. He eats and sleeps in the kitchen of his former mistress. Some of the delegates to these mongrel abortionities make out to live by blacking boots and whitewashing.

—George Elkins and Mose Wornum, two negroes, were overhauled at Columbus on Monday night last, for robbing a small grocery store of seventy dollars.

—The Atlanta *New Era* has been selected as the official paper of the scalawag Convention.

—The Atlanta *New Era* says: "The Milledgeville *Union* objects to having the capital removed to Atlanta. If we were a weakly paper in Milledgeville, we would object too." We should think that would be a *heavy* job, and quite inconvenient. Couldn't they put up one at Atlanta *de novo* at less expense?

—An incendiary set fire to the residence of Col. James M. Mobley, of Hamilton, Harris county, on Saturday night of last week, which was entirely consumed, with most of the outhouses, wheat, meat, and provisions generally. Loss $5000, and no insurance.

—On Tuesday night last, snow fell to the depth of five inches at Rome—the deepest that has ever fallen there.

—The Rome *Courier* of the 30th ult. says: "Mr. Samuel Thomas, who was shot by C. Loraine Johnson, in this county, last week, has since died from the effect of the wound. Mr. Thomas leaves a widow and four children in destitute circumstances. We learn that the Inferior Court has offered $200 reward for Johnson's apprehension.

—Conservative meetings are to be held at Corners, Chattahoochee county, on Saturday, February 1st; at Hamilton, Harris county, and at Sandersville, Washington county, on the first Tuesday in February. "The work goes bravely on."

—The Sandersville *Central Georgian* says that assaults of negroes upon each other are of frequent occurrence in that county. Two instances are given, one of which proved fatal, and two others are now in jail on similar charges.

—Gen. Ruger has not yet taken possession of the Executive Mansion, and, with the exception of having stationed a small guard there, has allowed everything to remain in the position that it was left at Gov. Jenkins' departure. Gen. Ruger, the Treasurer and Comptroller, are all boarding at the Milledgeville Hotel, in a very quiet and unpretentatious manner, and those who have business with them are always treated politely. It is also said that Treasurer Jones has announced his intention of sueing the cashier of the Bank of Atlanta for letting them have the $5000 he deposited there, and testing the question at once as to Gen. Meade's right to apply the money of the State for such a purpose.

The So-Called Conventions.

We condense from the noon dispatches of yesterday, which are rather prolix for the matter they contain: At Raleigh, N. C., February 1st, the article on Governors and executive officers was adopted, slightly amended. Majority and minority reports on suffrage were presented. A committee was appointed to report those to be relieved from political disabilities. Dunham's amnesty resolution was tabled by a test vote. The reporter of the *Daily Carolinian* was expelled for using the word "nigger." The Military Committee report that every able-bodied citizen between twenty-one and forty-five, without distinction of color, shall perform military duty, unless exempt by religious scruples.

At Charleston, S. C., February 1st. The State Treasury shelled out for expenses of Convention, $12,000 in State bills. Mackey, son of the President of the Convention, who assailed the reporter, has been ordered by the military to be arrested.

At Richmond, February 1st. The majority report to disfranchise all who are disfranchised by the Reconstruction act.

At Atlanta, February 1st. Charges against the Mayor of Savannah are to be investigated by a Military Commission. The meeting of the Radical State Convention has been indefinitely postponed.

A STEAM MAN.

A Wonderful Piece of Mechanism.

From the Newark Advertiser, Jan. 9.]

The old adage which proclaims that "there's nothing new under the sun," has been daringly and yet successfully refuted. Mr. Zadock Deddrick, a Newark machinist, has invented a man; one that, moved by steam, will perform some of the most important functions of humanity; that will, standing upright, walk or run, as he is bid, in any direction and at almost any rate of speed, drawing after him a load whose weight tax the strength of three stout draught horses. The history of the curious invention is as follows:

Six years ago Mr. Deddrick, the inventor, who is at present but twenty-two years of age, conceived the novel idea of constructing a man that should receive its vitality from a perpetual motion machine. The idea was based on the well known mechanical principle that if a heavy weight be placed at the top of an upright slightly inclined from a vertical, gravitation will tend to produce a horizontal as well as vertical motion.

The project was not successful. However, by observing carefully the cause of the failure, preserving and perfecting the man-form, and by substituting steam in place of the perpetual motion machine, the present success was attained.

The man stands seven feet and nine inches high, the other dimensions of the body being correctly proportioned, making him a second Daniel Lambert, by which name he is facetiously spoken of among the workmen. He weighs three hundred pounds. Steam is generated in the body or trunk, which is nothing but a three horse power engine, like those used in our steam fire engines. The legs which support it are complicated and wonderful. The steps are taken very naturally and quite easily. As the body is thrown forward upon the advanced foot the other is lifted from the ground by a spring and thrown forward by the steam. Each step or pace advances the body two feet, and every revolution of the engine produces four paces. As the engine is capable of making more than a thousand revolutions a minute, it would get over the ground, on the calculation, at the rate of a little more than a mile a minute. As this would be working the legs faster than would be safe on uneven ground or on Broad street cobble stones, it is proposed to run the engine at the rate of five hundred revolutions a minute, which would walk the man at the modest speed of half a mile a minute.

The fellow is attached to a common rockaway carriage, the shafts of which serve to support him in a vertical position. These shafts are two bars of iron which are made fast in the usual manner to the front axle of the carriage, and are curved so as to be joined to a circular sustaining bar, which passes around the waist, like a girth, and in which the man moves so as to face in any direction. Besides the motions, machinery has been arranged by which the figure can be thrown back ward or forward from a vertical, nearly forty-five degrees. This is done in order to enable it to ascend or descend all grades. To the soles of the feet spikes or corks are fixed which effectually prevent slipping. The whole affair is so firmly sustained by the shafts and has so excellent a foothold that two men are unable to push it over, or in any way throw it down. In order to enable it to stop quickly, it is provided with two appliances, each of which will, as before stated, throw it backward from the vertical, while the other bends the knees in a direction opposite to the natural position.

An upright post, which is arranged in front of the dash board, and within easy reach of the front seats, sustains two miniature pilot wheels, by the turning of which these various motions and evolutions are directed. It is expected that a sufficiently large space can be stowed away under the back seat of the carriage to work the engine for a day, and enough water in a tank under the front seat to last half a day.

In order to prevent "the giant" from frightening horses by its wonderful appearance, Mr. Deddrick intends to clothe it and give it as nearly as possible a likeness to the rest of humanity. The boiler and such parts as are necessarily heated will be encased in felt or woollen under garments. Pants, coat and vest, of the latest styles, are provided. Whenever the fires need coaling, which is every two or three hours, the driver stops the machine, descends from his seat, unbuttons "Daniel's" vest, opens a door, shovels in the fuel, buttons up the vest and drives on. On the back between the shoulders the steam cocks and gauges are placed. As these would cause the coat to set awkwardly, a knapsack has been provided that completely covers them. A blanket neatly rolled up and placed on top of the knapsack completes the delusion. The face is moulded into a cheerful countenance of white enamel, which contrasts well with the dark hair and moustache. A sheet iron hat with a gauge top acts as a safety to the stock.

The cost of this "first man" is $2000, though the makers, Messrs. Deddrick & Grass, expect to manufacture succeeding ones, warranted to run a year without repairs, for $300. The same parties expect to construct, on the same principle, horses which will do the duty of ten or twelve ordinary animals of the same species. These, it is confidently believed, can be used alike before carriages, street cars and ploughs. The man now constructed can make his way without difficulty over any irregular surface whose ruts and stones are not more than nine inches below or above the level of the road.

Messrs. Bolen & Crane, at whose works this wonderful affair has been built, have just completed a hardly less marvellous, though by no means as novel a machine. It is a leather splitter, for the Newark Patent Leather Company, and is so nicely constructed as to split, with ease and facility, hides to such extreme thinness that a variation in the knives of a fractional part of the thickness of a sheet of writing paper, would destroy the work. The machine is to be sent to Paris within a few days.

THE STEAM MAN—HIS FIRST APPEARANCE ON THE STREET.

When a description of Mr. Deddrick's steam man was published, not only the Newarkers, a goodly number of whom, like the Athenians, eighteen centuries ago, "spend their time in nothing but either to tell or to hear some new thing," all rushed to the shop where, under the hands of skillful mechanics, he was slowly but surely assuming the "human form divine," and so thronged the doorway and darkened the windows of the shop that his completion was at one time made doubtful, but scores of gentlemen from other cities ventured into Jersey, and all, men, women and children who could not go wrote, inquiring about this new wonder. An enthusiastic Committee of Five traveled all the way from Albany, one day last week, to decide a bet that the whole thing was a "newspaper story." Many of the letters ask for more minute descriptions than have already been published; some contain orders for men; some writers want traveling agencies; some will buy territorial rights to manufacture and sell them, and others wish to hire the man on a speculation. A Chicagoan thinks the most profitable work to which the thing can be put will be farming on Illinois prairies, and proposes that it walk to Chicago on a wager. A Pennsylvanian orders a *pair*, proposing to repopulate his place. Five women write, ordering cast iron husbands, and one gentleman sends for a wife. As the machine is speechless, the inventor replies to the last that he was doubtful whether a *woman* could be made a success. Many experiments have been made with the "man" during the past fortnight, and, although some accidents, such as are incident to new machinery, occurred, he finally works perfect. The old spiral springs have been replaced by stronger ones, so that the steam man is now wound up to the knees, and upon steam being generated on Thursday, he stumped off like a live Trojan. In the evening he appeared on Broad street, at Crump's Garden, where he will exhibit himself next week.

A Remarkable Invention.

It is stated that a German glassmaker has lately made a remarkable discovery. He has invented a telescope, or magnifying glass, by means of which the most intricate nerves and vessels inside of the body may be seen from the outside. In fact, the whole arrangement and action of the interior organs may be by means of this glass, be distinguished.

The discovery will probably be of immense benefit to mankind, as by means of it the physician will be able to determine, with unvarying accuracy, the nature of any particular disease, and the proper manner for treating the same.

The name of the inventor, who will probably realize a large fortune from his discovery, is Gutlieb Juntz. He is very poor, but a well read and highly intelligent man. He has an aged mother, an invalid wife, six children, and a blind sister, all dependent upon him for support. His mother was well acquainted with the poet Goethe, and it was probably her many anecdotes of this illustrious person, which first inspired her son with a desire to do something to win the respect and esteem of his fellow men.

The glass he has made will probably place him among the first of inventors, and win for him the esteem of whole nations.

By means of this invention he has nearly cured his wife. Six months ago, a well known doctor said she could not live, and pronounced her disease to be an affection of the heart. Juntz, however, has now proven to him, with the aid of the wonderful microscope, that he was entirely mistaken; the stomach alone being the part affected.

We are eagerly looking for further information regarding Juntz and his wonderful glass.—*Aberdeen Examiner.*

EDUCATIONAL.

SCHOOL OF THE HOLY CROSS.
MRS. KETCHUM, - Principal,
NO. 105 THIRD STREET. THE EASTER Session will open on MONDAY, February 3, 1868. French, Latin and Pencil Drawing, without extra charge. Vocal and Instrumental Music by Miss Nora Bradford. Jan9 1w

Park Avenue Academy,
THREE MILES FROM MEMPHIS, NEAR Memphis and Charleston Railroad. The object of this school is to prepare boys for the University of Virginia or any college, or for the active duties of life. In the Primary Department special attention will be given to Reading, Writing and Spelling. The Principal has had ten years' experience in teaching in Alexandria, Richmond and Lynchburg, Virginia, and designs establishing a permanent school. The Academy is located in a community noted for its refinement and intelligence, and is near Park Avenue Church, where religious services are held every Sunday. Board can be obtained near the school for $18 per month. The next session commences February 3d. References: Dr. J. J. Williams, N. M. Trezevant, M. D. Deadrick, E. Rayner, Esqrs., Captain E. A. Cox, patrons; Rev. M. D. Hoge, D.D., Rev. T. V. Moore, D.D., Richmond, Va.; Rev. R. L. Dabney, D.D., Rev. B. M. Smith, D.D., Union Seminary, Va.; Rev. J. B. Ramsey, D.D., Judge D. A. Wilson, Hon. F. B. Deas, Hon. Charles L. Moss, Lynchburg, Va.; Prof. T. S. Venable, University of Virginia, Prof. Wm. Dinwiddie, late University of Virginia.
jan18 2w* W. L. MILLER, M.A., Principal

NOTICE TO PARENTS.

MISS SALLIE CORNELIUS
WILL OPEN A SCHOOL FOR GIRLS AND small Boys, on the 2d JANUARY, 1868 at the residence of Dr. O. R. Early, on Jones avenue, fifth door from Alabama street, and immediately in the rear of St. Mary's Church, for girls and small boys. dec14

THE MISSES BOWERS
WILL open the Spring Session of their School, on Monday, the 27th of January, at their residence, Nesbit Mount street. They have engaged the services of Prof. Villebuin, who will give instruction in French, free of charge. As evidence of the success attendant upon their efforts, they would refer to their patrons, Mr. F. M. Cash, Gen. W. Y. C. Humes, Mr. R. K. Bolen, Mr. E. H. Wood, Mr. S. P. Read, Mr. W. P. Mitchel, and others.
Ja24 feb1

KENTUCKY MILITARY INSTITUTE.
SPRING SESSION, 1868,
WILL BEGIN ON
Monday, January 20, 1868.
For information as to Terms, etc., address
Col. R. T. P. ALLEN, Sup't,
Farmdale P. O.,
dec22 d2w sod Franklin county, Ky.

LEE ACADEMY.
ON MONDAY, FEBRUARY 3RD, WE SHALL organize new forms for the Spring Session. FRENCH, in Professor Vi lehulin's classes, WITHOUT CHARGE.
ja19 2w M. A. E. MORGAN, Principal.

SAINT MARY'S SCHOOL,
Mrs. M. K. POPE, Principal.
Poplar Street, East of Orleans,
THE NEW SESSION BEGINS FEBRUARY THIRD.
Ja16 2w

MEMPHIS COLLEGE,
(Formerly St. Lazarus.)
Rev. S. H. FORD, LL.D., President.
J. DUPRES Professor of Languages.
——, Professor Mathematics.
JACKSON P. CREWS, English Department.

Session Opens Monday, September 2nd.

TUITION PER SESSION OF FIVE MONTHS:

Senior Class, including Latin, Greek and Mathematics	$40 00
Junior, English Branches, Latin and Greek	30 00
Grammer	20 00
Primary Department	20 00
Parachute in advance	an25

PATENT MEDICINES.

MRS. JACKSON'S
Queen Bess Complexion Wash.
THE following certificates, selected from hundreds in the possession of the proprietress, are confidently submitted to the public:

MRS. WOLCOTT'S CERTIFICATE.
QUINCY, Ill., November 5, 1866.

MRS. JACKSON, *Dear Madam*—I am pleased to say that I certify to you, that seeing one of your circulars, which contained certificates and Indorsements from the best physicians and the highest medical authorities of the United States, certifying that your oils for the complexion and teeth were purely the oils, extracts and essences of flowers, and they warrant it when used according to directions to cure the worst and most difficult cases of nursing, sore mouth, canker of the stomach, bowels and dyspepsia. For scrofulous disorders, when used both internally and externally, it has no equal. Dear Madam, seeing this, and my little daughter, aged fifteen months, having the whooping cough for several months, accompanied with what the doctors call white canker, her mouth and throat being horribly ulcerated, and I having tried everything for it for a relief I could hear of, all to no purpose, I bought one bottle of your oil for the complexion, called "Queen Bess," went according to the directions, did not use quite one bottle, and I am most happy to state to you that it has cured my child. She is now as well and hearty as ever she was in her life. I give you this, my certificate, hoping you will publish it, that thousands of others who may be afflicted with any of the above affections may at once get a bottle of your "Queen Bess," for I feel sure they will find immediate relief. Yours respectfully,
MRS. GEO. WOLCOTT,
Jersey street, bet. Sixth and Seventh.

MRS. WM. B. COLLINS' CERTIFICATE.
HANNIBAL, MO., August 22, 1866.

MRS. JACKSON, *Dear Madam*—I am most happy to inform you that after having suffered more than three years with what some physicians call nursing sore mouth, or canker of the mouth and throat, I tried various remedies, but found nothing to do me any good until I heard of your oils for the complexion and teeth, called "Queen Bess." I bought one bottle, went according to directions, and am truly thankful to say I have found a permanent cure. Hoping you will publish this, that other poor sufferers may be benefitted by it, I remain,
Yours respectfully,
MRS. WM. B. COLLINS.

AGENTS WANTED—Male or Female, in every town and county in the United States, to introduce this celebrated preparation. Agents are now making from $150 to $200 per month, clear of expenses. Applications for agencies can be made for the present to Mrs. Jackson, at the Whitemore House, Adams street, between Third and Fourth, Memphis; or to the manufacturing depot, No. 113 Sixth street, St. Louis, Mo., either in person or by letter.
no27 tf

IN offering OUR BITTERS to the Southern Public, we have no hesitancy in asserting their superiority over any Northern production in our markets. In their devisement they are purely Southern—compounded with a special adaptitude to the various types of stomacic derangements prevalent our climate.

It is a gentle stimulant to the system after undergoing a severe illness.
It is a cure for Dyspepsia.
It assists Digestion.
It cures Diarrhea and Cholera Morbus.
It is a preventive for Chills and Fevers.
It is an invaluable companion for person traveling at all seasons of the year.
It is a HOME enterprise, and possesses true merit.
Sold everywhere.
C. H. EBBERT & CO.,
Sole Manufacturers.
Depot, No. 6 Howard's Row,
febl0 tf Memphis, Tenn.

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SEED STORE,
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Garden Seed, Garden Seed,
Grass Seed, Grass Seed,
Garden Implements, Garden Implements,
Fertilizers, Fertilizers.
At CRAIG'S SEED STORE,
379 Main street, Jackson Block,
Jan28 3m Memphis, Tenn.

HILL & WHEELER,
GENERAL
Commercial and Claim Agents,
AGENTS FOR BANKRUPTS,
COMMISSIONER OF DEEDS, ETC., FOR ALL the States and Territories. Commissioner for the United States District Court and Court of Claims at Washington, and NOTARY PUBLIC.
No. 19 Madison Street, Memphis, Tenn.
Especial attention given in preparing and filing papers for discharge in Bankruptcy and claims against Bankrupts. All business entrusted to us will be executed with Dispatch and Economy to those applying. Ja15 1m

W. P. GRAY,
DRUG STORE,
No. 59 Adams Street.
ALL kinds of Drugs, Toilet articles, Perfumery, etc. Prescriptions carefully prepared, both day and night. Jan5 1m

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JOHN S. C. HOGAN & CO.

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AGENTS.

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PRINCIPLES GOVERNING THE CONDUCT OF THE APPEAL.

A GOVERNMENT of white men for white men; and no political miscegenation.

LOYALTY to the Union of the STATES: FIDELITY to the Constitution in its true extent and meaning: Obedience to and maintenance of all law, State and National, constitutionally enacted.

RESISTANCE to Tyranny, Usurpation and Oppression, of one man or many; and to all encroachments upon the rights of freemen or of States, or upon the just and Constitutional prerogatives of any Department of the State or National Governents.

NO ESTABLISHMENTS of Military despotisms, no enthroning of martial law, no suspension of the writ of Habeas Corpus, no slaying of citizens by Military Commission, no interference with the Courts, no *lettres de cachet*, in time of peace.

STRICT SUBORDINATION of the Military to the Civil Power.

NO STANDING ARMIES of States in time of peace.

RESTORATION of disfranchised citizens to all rights and privileges of which they have been dissolved; no prosecutions or disqualifications for political opinions; for the PAST, oblivion of offences; for the PRESENT and FUTURE, UNION, PEACE, LAW and ORDER.

PERPETUAL ASSURANCE to all freemen of the African race, of all the CIVIL rights of freemen

NO REPUDIATION, by State or Nation, of any honest and lawful debt.

NO REVIVAL of old party differences; but a Union of all Conservative men, of all former parties, who revere the Constitution, to restore the old land-marks of the Government.

NO LEGISLATION to plunder one portion of the country for the profit of another portion.

WHATEVER is JUST; whatever is HONEST; whatever is of good REPUTE, and worthy of the descendants of English freemen.

TO CORRESPONDENTS

No notice can be taken of anonymous Communications. Whatever is intended for insertion in the APPEAL, must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer, as a guarantee of his good faith and responsibility.

Business letters should be addressed to "THE APPEAL," Memphis.

Communications for publication must be written on one side of the page only, and with all other matters connected with the editorial department, should be addressed: EDITORS OF THE APPEAL, Memphis.

We cannot, as a rule, undertake to return articles not found suitable for publication.

EXTRA, EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE FOR THE DISTRICT OF WEST TENNESSEE

The following named gentlemen are hereby appointed a Central Executive Committee for the District of West Tennessee:

SHELBY COUNTY.—M. D. L. Stewart, Alfred T. Lacey, Jesse W. Page.
WEAKLEY COUNTY.—William P. Caldwell.
DYER COUNTY.—Charles Gibbs.
GIBSON COUNTY.—Wise A. Cooper.
MADISON COUNTY.—W. W. Gates.
HARDEMAN COUNTY.—Judge Miller.
MCNAIRY COUNTY.—S. L. Warren.

With full power to appoint a Congressional Executive committee for the 9th and 8th Congressional Districts of the State, with power to appoint Executive Committees for the several counties composing their respective Congressional Districts.

By order of the State Central Executive Committee of the Conservative party for the State of Tennessee.

EXPLANATION.

We said yesterday that BOOTH no more needed such an accomplice as ANDREW JOHNSON, than CHARLOTTE CORDAY did when she avenged the wrongs of France upon the despicable body of MARAT. The expression may, even without malice, be misinterpreted. We do not so much regret this, because it leads us to develope more fully the idea we meant to express.

We did not mean to compare ABRAHAM LINCOLN to MARAT. Whatever our prejudices, early in the war, against Mr. LINCOLN, it had not closed before we were satisfied that he was actuated solely by love and veneration for the Union, and that he was a kind-hearted, humane man, who desired neither to oppress or humiliate the South, and would deem it the crowning glory of his life if he could bring back the Southern States, with their own cheerful acquiescence, into the Union, and restore the old good humobr and good fellowship. As to BOOTH'S crime, we have always charitably believed that he was insane. Insanity was hereditary, we believe, in his case; and we cannot conceive how he could, unless insane, have come to believe that assassination was a religious or a patriotic duty.

When Mr. LINCOLN was murdered, any Southern man a well-wisher of the South who was *not* insane, would have been sensible that no more fatal injury could be inflicted on the people then at the mercy of the Northern States than an act hideous and horrible in itself, and which could not but inflame the passions of millions, and cause them, in their blind fury, to avenge upon an innocent people the act of one wretched individual. There was no reason to believe that BOOTH had made his purpose known to more, at any rate, than one or two accomplices; none to imagine that the Confederate authorities had the least inkling of his intentions; none for connecting the Vice-President with a crime that startled the world.

MARAT was a monster, stained with the blood of a thousand innocent victims. CHARLOTTE CORDAY could have had as many accomplices as she wished; she was but a girl; and she had none. She needed none; nor were any, even of the Jacobins, found cruel and base enough to set on foot among an infuriated people the belief that the Girondins or the adherents of Royalty had employed her to assassinate the friend of the people. To have done that would have been a greater crime than she had herself committed.

It was even a greater crime than that of BOOTH, hideous as that was, for men to endeavour, for their own despicable purposes, to lead the people of the Northern States to believe that JEFFERSON DAVIS and ANDREW JOHNSON, and the Confederate authorities knew and approved of BOOTH'S fell purpose. It might have cost the lives of many innocent men; and although the populace might be made to believe it, the leaders did not. They knew that when any man is insane enough to imagine that assassination is an act of patriotism, and that a sinking or lost cause can be served by it, he does not go about to find accomplices, even if the intended victim is a detestable tyrant like MARAT, hated by thousands; and much less when he is loved and revered by millions.

It was a cruel thing to endeavour to throw the odium of this murder on the Southern people. It was despicable to charge complicity in it upon ANDREW JOHNSON, on the floor of Congress. Nothing d so much to make Radicalism for the time omnipotent, as the impression produced among the people that the Confederate leaders knew of BOOTH'S purpose; to nothing are the present measures of reconstruction so much owing. And whatever excuse there may have been at the time, for supposing that the act of BOOTH was the fruit of a conspiracy, there was none at all for believing it when ASHLEY and others libelled the President; no more, we repeat, than there was to suppose that CHARLOTTE CORDAY had the Girondists for accomplices. We very much doubt whether *any* one was fully aware of BOOTH'S purposes. That his mother was, we have not the most remote idea.

Assassination, like other crimes, individual and National, never has failed to injure the cause or the people which it was intended to serve. The murder of CÆSAR delivered Rome over to the Triumvirate and afterwards to OCTAVIUS and his degenerate and base successors. How much mischief has been wrought by the common habit of representing the act of BRUTUS as a sublime deed of patriotism, no one can calculate. The attempts on the life of CROMWELL and on that of NAPOLEON only the more firmly established each in power. GEORGES CADONDAL and his co-conspirators did disservice to the cause of royalty; and ORSINI strengthened the hands of LOUIS NAPOLEON. RAVAILLAC did not benefit his order or religion by murdering HENRY OF NAVARRE: and the assassination of ABRAHAM LINCOLN was the cruelest injury that could have been done the South, except the attempt to make her leaders responsible for it.

STATUS OF THE SOUTHERN STATES.

What has become of the ten Southern States that ceased to be represented in the Congress of the United States in 1861? Are they still *States* or have they become *Provinces?* Are they *in* the Union as States, or *out* of it? What effect had secession or rebellion on their status as States; and is their present *status*, whatever it may be, the consequence of that, or of their conquest by the United States?

These questions seem to be involved in the mazes of an inextricable confusion. This is strikingly evident from the very difficulty that one encounters in the mere endeavour to state the questions so that the terms of the statement shall not themselves be ground of controversy.

Thus, we have used the phrase 'that ceased to be represented' in order to identify the States of which we had to speak. Fully to state the questions we should have to use other language, and ask: What have the political corporations become, that were States of the American Union at the beginning of the year 1861, and which, early in that year, seceded or attempted to secede from that Union, or whose people ceased to be, or endeavoured to cease to be a part of the one people of the United States, or which rebelled, or whose people or part of whose people rebelled against the United States? Are they still States, or are they Provinces? If not States, when and how did they cease to be such? Was this effected by secession or rebellion, or by conquest? If States, are they still in the Union, or their people part of the people of the United States? Are they entitled to be represented in Congress and to sue as States of the Union in the Federal Courts?

For those who assume that a State *could* not secede from the Union, and *therefore* that these States never *did* secede, these questions, it seems to us, are insoluble. They have been continually argued during almost three years, and the only result of all the argumentation has been to cover the whole matter with a more and more impenetrable fog. Nobody convinces others, or seems to be able logically to state the grounds of his own convictions: and the whole discussion is a muddle and a jumble.

Twenty-two of the twenty-seven States (or three-fourths of the whole number) now represented in the general government having ratified the proposed amendment of the Constitution designated as article fourteen, Mr. SUMNER in the Senate and Mr. BINGHAM in the House have introduced bills declaratory of the ratification of said amendment. This is, of course, to be a legislative declaration that the States which seceded or rebelled ceased to be members of the Union, either by their secession or by subjugation.

Meanwhile, the question as to the present status of Texas is before the Supreme Court of the United States, in the suit of *The State of Texas vs. White and Chiles*, in which there is a motion to dissolve an injunction heretofore granted against the defendants, restraining them from using or disposing of certain bonds of the State.

In support of the motion to dissolve the injunction, the defendants insist as their main point that the Court has not jurisdiction of the cause, as it stands in the name of the State of Texas, a State not in the Union. This point is urged as fatal to the bill.

It is common now to hear it said that the Southern States never did secede, or cease to be members of the Union, because they could not *lawfully* or *rightfully* do so: and it might be argued, also, that after entering into the Union, they were not merely united to the other States, *as* States leagued or united together; but that their people had become an integral part of the one people of the United States, and the States retained no such perfect and entire individuality, or sovereignty, as that they could, as political corporations and units, withdraw, each for itself and as a unit, from the Union. This, it will be seen, involves the old question, so long discussed, as to the nature of the Constitution itself, and whether it was a *compact* between the States or a *law* over them, and whether it was the States that were united, or the people of the States united and consolidated into one.

The meanings of words are modified by the nature of the things to which they are applied: and to us the word 'State' expresses a political organization, community or body politic, with the nature, characteristics, relations, and limited sovereignty and powers of the States of our Union. But the word has really the same meaning as the Latin words *'regnum,' 'imperium,'* and *'respublica,'* and as the words 'nation' and 'commonwealth.' The English jurisconsults have always used the phrase *'The State'* to signify the Realm of England; as the French used *'l'Etat,'* and the Spaniards *'El Estado,'* to signify their respective kingdoms. LOUIS XIV said *'l'Etat, c'est moi;'* I am the State.

Before the present Constitution was adopted, each of the American States was an independent nation, with all the essential characteristics of nationality. Each styled itself, as several of them always afterwards did, 'free, sovereign and independent.'

The *Sovereignty* of a State, Nation or Republic is its individuality, and its actual separate existence and *self-government* as an independent community and power. If the adoption of the Constitution was the coalescence of all the people of all the States into one people, the body politic so formed was alone sovereign, and the States ceased to be so. If the Constitution was a law and government imposed on them by the one people of all as a unit, they were no longer sovereign; because *subordinate* sovereignties, sovereignties governed by a *law imposed on them by a superior power* are no more possible than free slaves. The phrase "subordinate sovereigns" or "sovereignties" is a solecism.

It was always absurd, therefore, for the statesmen and jurists of the school of MARSHALL, WEBSTER and STORY, to say that the States continued to be sovereign, except so far as they had transferred their sovereign powers to the United States. They imagined that they proved this by showing that they retained some of the attributes of sovereignty, such as the right of eminent domain, and the capacity to have treason committed against them; but the retention of *some* of the attributes of sovereignty is not a retention of the sovereignty itself. A Roman slave or minor had one of the attributes of a free man. He could have the proprietorship of his *peculium* or little property. The possession of *part* of the attributes that invest an individual with a particular character, is not the possession of that character. A parish or county possesses *some* of the attributes of a State, as an ape possesses some of those of a man.

But if the Constitution was a compact between the States, and nothing else; if the States alone were parties to it; if its restrictive provisions were not *prohibitions* imposed by a higher power, but *their own stipulations* that they would refrain from the exercise of certain of their powers; if it did not contain a supreme *law* imposing obligations on them as well as on individuals, but their own *promises* that they would exercise certain powers jointly, by the agency provided for, and not separately; if the performance of their stipulations was not *enforced* by a superior *will*, dictating a *law*, but *secured* by the guarantee of their own *good faith* and solemn *pledges*; if they *granted away* none of their powers, *denuded* themselves of none of the attributes of their sovereignty, but *agreed* to exercise certain of those powers by means of a body politic and corporate into which they incorporated themselves, as individuals become stockholders of a private corporation, and as the corporation is *in fact* themselves, though *in law* it has a separate unity and individuality: and if the United States was sovereign only because it was really the States exercising certain of the powers of their sovereignty jointly: then the States really continued to be sovereign, invested still with all the undiminished attributes of sovereignty, and exercising part of their powers jointly and part severally. They were not in any sense subordinate, in that case, and had no superior, except as the Nations of Europe have a superior in the law of Nations which finds its authority in their common consent. In the same way only, the Constitution was a law over the States. They continued, on that hypothesis, to be "States," in the complete sense of the word: and if one withdrew from the Union, she did not *resume* her sovereignty, but only the separate *exercise* of it, never having parted with it or ceased to exercise it, but only having exercised it jointly with the other States, by means of the corporation created for that purpose. For, on the same hypothesis, the United States was sovereign, solely because the States *continued* so. Their sovereignty was *its* sovereignty: and the nature of the Constitution and Government was sufficiently indicated by the universal use of the phrase "The United States" with plural verbs, as if they were not really one Nation, but only so many sovereign States united together. Nevertheless, the United States was a corporation, having unity and individuality, one State constituted of many, and all its powers theirs, exercised by it.

We need hardly say to the habitual readers of the APPEAL, that our settled and fixed conviction is that these propositions are correct, not only as theories to be judged of by reason, but as facts established by history. The use made by Mr. WEBSTER and others, of the expression "We, the people of the United States," to prove that the one people of all the States, and not the people *of each* State, acting as a State, made the Constitution, is justly to be characterized as a fraud. If it had intended to declare what is so claimed, it would have been a falsehood; for the States did make the Constitution; and it was *their* act, in fact as well as in law.

It does not at all follow that a State had the *right* to withdraw at pleasure from the Union. That was not a necessary consequence of its undiminished sovereignty. A sovereign nation like Russia or France, has no *right* to annul at pleasure a treaty of alliance, to the injury of its ally. A sovereign may oblige himself not to exercise what would otherwise be a right, and this not only by express words, but by implication. Every one, however sovereign, must so use his own as not to injure another. Sovereignty does not involve independence of all law and obligation, human and divine. The law of nations, and the laws of justice and equity and good faith are above all sovereigns. A nation may be estopped, as well as an individual, though there is no tribunal to enforce the estoppel. There is no tribunal to enforce the law of nations. Even a treaty between two nations may create such interests that its abrogation wantonly by either party would be unjust, and good cause of war. A *Union* of States creates so many thousand mutual and separate interests, political, pecuniary and social, and may make its own continuance so necessary to the welfare or even safety of part, if not all of the States, that one shall have far less right to sever it, than a nation to abrogate a treaty: and that the right to sever it at all, while the other parties observe its provisions in good faith may never have existed, or if ever, may be utterly lost by lapse of time, and be deemed to be relinquished. In this, as in all else, equity and good faith are the supreme law over States.

[TO BE CONCLUDED TUESDAY.]

BY TELEGRAPH.

Night Dispatches.

SPECIALS TO APPEAL.

WASHINGTON.

Case of J. Young Brown, of Kentucky—Powerful Argument of His Colleague, Mr. Beck—Anticipated Action of the House—The Pendleton Policy Not Obnoxious in the East—Western Speakers Wanted in New Hampshire—The Removal of Rollins—His Probable Successor—The Ohio Rescission of the Constitutional Amendment.

Special Dispatch to Memphis Appeal.]

WASHINGTON, February 1.—The case of John Young Brown, before the House to day, excites much interest. Beck read a powerful speech advocating his admission, showing that Brown occupied even a better position as regards loyalty than did ex Attorney General Speed, Senator Guthrie, Gen. James Jackson and others. The first two, it should be remembered, were on the committee which, on the 18th of April, 1861, reported a resolution declaring Kentucky ought and would defend her soil from the invasion of any armed forces, either from the North or from the South. It is believed the House will not admit Brown, but of course his district will return him by an overwhelming majority. It is suggested that in that event the House may decide to again reject him, and admit the candidate who runs against him, holding that they have notified his constituents of his ineligibility, and that they are entitled to representation in Congress.

The prevailing idea that Pendleton's policy of paying the Government bonds in greenbacks, strictly according to law, is obnoxious to the Eastern States, is unfounded. Sinclair, the Democratic candidate for Governor of New Hampshire, wants western speakers to go there. He says that the idea takes with the masses of the people. This question was talked over in the Democratic caucus the other evening, and while different views were expressed, it was apparent that the financial policy, originated by Mr. Pendleton, was regarded with favor.

The anticipated removal of Rollins, Commissioner of Internal Revenue, creates a commotion in that department. Personally, Rollins is a general favorite, and his removal will be solely on account of his political sentiments. It is not thought the Senate will confirm a successor. Either Col. Wiswell or Perry Fuller will be nominated for the place.

It is said in reference to the action of the Ohio Legislature rescinding the ratification of the Constitutional amendment, that two members of the Senate Judiciary Committee and three members of the House Committee have also in private conversation expressed the same opinion. The question at issue is before the respective Judiciary Committees.

FROM NEW YORK.

NEW YORK, February 1.—The Peruvian news is important. Prado has been defeated and forced to retreat to Islay. The revolution has proved a success, and the Prado government has been hurled from place and power. The city of Oriquebay suffered a bombardment for thirty-six hours. The telegraph lines worked this morning from San Francisco to Heart's Content, direct, and messages were sent from London to California in two minutes.

Two more illegitimate infants were found dead this morning, at Madame Porcell's private asylum, from neglect and improper food.

FROM VIRGINIA.

RICHMOND, February 1.—In the Convention to day, the Committee on Improvements reported a clause directing the Legislature to provide for an exchange of the State's interests in the internal improvements for bonds. The Committee on Banks reported a bill prohibiting the Legislature from granting charters to corporations which discount paper at unlawful rates of interest, and also prohibiting persons who do so from holding any State office. The report of the Finance Committee was adopted, taxing all male citizens one dollar for the benefit of schools, and fifty cents for general purposes.

FROM CHARLESTON.

CHARLESTON, February 1.—Gen. Canby, in compliance with the request of the Convention and its instructions, has issued an order staying for three months all executions on real and personal property.

MISSISSIPPI.

REPORT of JUDICIARY COMMITTEE

Judges Appointed for Nine Years

Governor and Lieut. Governor

CARPET BAG CITIZENSHIP

STATE CAPITAL TO BE REMOVED

Special Dispatch to Memphis Appeal.]

JACKSON, MISS, February 1.—The Convention met.

The Committee on the Judiciary submitted a report, with a recommendation that it be incorporated in the Constitution as Article IV. It provides for a High Court of three Judges, to be appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Senate, to hold office for nine years; the State to be divided into three judicial districts, and Court held at least once a year in each district. It also provides for a Circuit Court in each county, to be held at least four times a year, the Judges to be appointed by the Governor with the consent of the Senate, to hold office six years. Also for a Chancery Court, with jurisdiction similar to that now exercised, and also Police Boards, Magistrates, etc., with the jurisdiction of the latter limited in the trial of civil cases to amounts within the sum of fifty dollars. Ordered to be printed.

The Committee on Executive Department submitted a report providing for the election of a Governor who is to hold office four years and not be eligible to re-election; to be at least thirty years of age and twenty years a citizen of the United States, and two years a citizen of Mississippi, with a salary of five thousand dollars; also Lieutenant Governor to possess same qualifications for eligibility—the office was hitherto unknown in Mississippi; also Secretary of State, Treasurer and Auditor to be at least twenty-five years of age, one year a citizen of the State and to hold office four years; salaries not stated.

Minority of Committee reported, recommending that the Governor should be for five years a resident of Mississippi, and salary not over four thousand dollars; also, that the salary of Secretary of State, Auditor and Treasurer be fixed at two thousand dollars. Both reports were ordered to be printed.

A resolution was adopted providing for the appointment of a committee of fifteen, to take into consideration the propriety of removing the State capital to some place near the geographical center of the State.

ARKANSAS.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONVENTION.

DOWN WITH THE BUREAU.

Special Dispatch to Memphis Appeal.]

LITTLE ROCK, February 1.—In the Convention to-day, McClure offered a resolution to disfranchise all who oppose reconstruction, and to vote against ratification to be sufficient opposition for disfranchisement. Referred.

Montgomery, of Hempstead, an ex-Bureau agent, spoke on the continuance of the Freedmen's Bureau. He endeavored, by citing cases, to show that negroes could not get justice before the courts. He said negroes had been denied justice before judges and juries all over the State, and never obtained it except through the Bureau.

Kyle (Radical) denied that justice had been withheld from negroes in Arkansas by courts or juries. He said all complaints he had ever heard from negroes was of injustice done them by Bureau agents; that the negroes in his county had petitioned him to have the Bureau done away with, in order that they might get justice.

The amendment of Mason (negro) requesting Gen. Howard to appoint more honest and efficient agents, was voted down. Beasley, Wilson and other Radicals voting for it, stating as a reason that they wanted honest and efficient agents, if any.

Hinds urged that there was no justice or protection outside of the Bureau for negroes. He said a prejudice existed in this town against the negro, to such an extent that they could not receive their just dues before Courts.

Cypert asked Hinds if he had not kept in his pocket the pardon of a poor negro for months, because the negro could not pay him a ten dollar fee.

Hinds said that he usually charged more.

The debate was spirited, occupying all the morning. The memorial was adopted by a party vote.

Adjourned.

FOREIGN.

LONDON, February 1.—Late dispatches received from Athens give an account of another battle between the Turks and Cretans, in which the latter were successful. The Spollistian mountaineers were the attacking party. The Turks stood their ground, and the battle lasted all the day. The Turks acknowledge a loss of 250 killed. The Cretan loss is not stated.

MADRID, February 1.—In accordance with the expressed determination of the Government to uphold the Temporal power of the Pope, steps have been taken for the formation of a Papal legion.

LONDON, February 1.—A mail steamer from Rio Janerio has arrived, with important news from South America. The inhabitants of Rosorez, a Town of considerable size on the Parona river, in the Argentine Republic have rebelled against the authority of President Milre and declared for Gen. Urquaza, as Dictator of the Confederation.

The cholera, which has made such sad havoc in Buenos Ayres, has subsided to a great degree, but is anticipated again at an early day. It still prevails to an alarming extent in the allied army.

In Paraguay there has been no fighting since the departure of the last mail. President Lopez remains at Humita, and his forces are well supplied with provisions and munitions of war.

A terrific gale prevails throughout England to-night, and disaster to life and property, both on land and sea, is apprehended. The telegraph lines to Liverpool are down.

PARIS, February 1.—The debate in the Corps Legislatiff, on the newly projected law for the government of the press, was continued to-day. M. Favre, in a speech of general opposition to the details of the bill, expressed his approval of a few of its clauses.

M. Cogniene also spoke against the bill, denouncing it in all its parts as a leading license.

FROM FLORIDA.

TALLAHASSEE, February 1.—In the Convention to day, the question pending at the adjournment yesterday was taken up and disposed of, resulting in the denial of a seat to Mr. Butler, the delegate from the First District. A motion to reconsider and postpone the matter until the 1st of March, was made and ordered to lie upon the table. The excitement on the question of eligibility continues, and none of the work for which the Convention was assembled has been done, but the Convention adjourned before noon until the 4th inst.

A resolution was offered in the Convention to-day, that no delegate now in the Convention, shall be eligible to the office of Governor, Lieutenant Governor, Secretary of State, Auditor, or Register, for ten years from date, which went over. Also another asking Congress to repeal the cotton tax. Laid over under the rules.

The remainder of the session was consumed in debate on the recommitted report of the Committee on Privileges and Elections; pending which the Convention adjourned.

There is but little order and harmony in the proceedings of the Convention.

FROM NASHVILLE.

NASHVILLE, February 1.—The employees of the Clarksville and Louisville railroad have struck for non-payment of wages, and the running of the road will probably stop for the present.

The law just passed by the Legislature permitting negroes to hold office and sit on juries, gives much satisfaction to the negroes, generally, and the ultra Radicals. Already there are negro candidates for important offices in this county, and there will be others in Middle and West Tennessee. Able lawyers say the law conflicts with the amendment to the Constitution, and will prove a delusion and snare to the negroes.

FROM LOUISVILLE.

LOUISVILLE, February 1.—The *Evening Telegram* has a report that the Cashier of an Insurance Company, not named, committed suicide to-day, and that he was a defaulter to the amount of $600,000.

FROM NEW ORLEANS.

NEW ORLEANS, February 1.—Gen. Hancock returned last night from a visit to Texas.

The Convention devoted itself to-day to the discussion of a proposition to pay for the city newspapers furnished that body, and upon reconsideration was adopted.

An ordinance proposing the establishment of a Board of Health for the parishes of Orleans and Jefferson, empowering said board to regulate matters pertaining to the cleanliness and health of said parishes. During the discussion members alluded to rumors that large sums had been raised by both advocates and opponents of the measure to secure their interests. The ordinance was finally rejected under the suspension of the rules.

An ordinance was offered to the effect that all Sheriffs, recorders of mortgages and clerks who receive an income of over $10,000, to devote the excess of that sum to the poor. Pending the discussion, the Convention adjourned.

FROM GEORGIA.

ATLANTA, February 1.—The Convention adopted the following resolutions to day:

Resolved, That the Congress of the United States be respectfully petitioned to appropriate $30,000,000 in currency to be loaned, under proper regulations, to aid in developing the agricultural interests of the Southern planters.

Resolved. That copies of the foregoing resolution be transmitted to the President of the Senate and Speaker of the House of Representatives of the United States, with a request that they be laid before those bodies; and that copies be also transmitted to the Presidents of the other Conventions in the Southern States; and that we invite the co-operation of those Conventions in this application to Congress.

FROM WASHINGTON.

WASHINGTON, February 1.—The President has approved the bill for distributing among the people of the South, of the accumulated dessicated vegetables and preserved meats, which are not required for the use of the army. Also the bill providing that contracts for stations for the Executive Department, shall not be made for more than one year at a time.

The following dispatch was received at the State Department yesterday:

"COPENHAGEN, January 31.

W. H. Seward, Secretary of State, Washington:

The treaty in regard to the sale of the Danish West India Islands, has been sent to Washington. It has been ratified by Reigsdoyt, and signed by the King."

FROM ST. LOUIS.

ST. LOUIS, February 1.—Dispatches from Jefferson City report that Gov. Fletcher is about to seize the Missouri Pacific railroad in the name of the State.

A bill has been introduced in the House to abolish capital punishment and substitute therefor imprisonment in the Penitentiary for life; also a bill to establish a Board of Pardon Commissioners.

WEATHER AND RIVERS.

CINCINNATI, February 1.—River falling with 15 feet 7 inches in channel, and full of floating ice, rendering navigation difficult.

LOUISVILLE, February 1.—The river is falling fast with 12 feet in the channel. The weather is clear and mild.

CONGRESSIONAL.

HOUSE.

WASHINGTON, February 1.—The consideration of the Kentucky contested election case was resumed, which finally went over until Monday.

The Speaker presented a communication from the Secretary of War, with the reports of the engineers as to the improvement of the Missouri river.

FROM RALEIGH.

RALEIGH, N. C., February 1.—The Convention was occupied in discussing the relief clause, proposed to be attached to the new Constitution.

No conclusion has been reached on the Judiciary question, the dominant party not having agreed upon any plan.

FROM BOSTON.

BOSTON, February 1.—The Fenian circles in the vicinity have voted to work on St. Patrick's day, instead of marching in processions, and to contribute their earnings towards revolutionary purposes in Ireland.

TELEGRAPHIC MARKETS.

NEW YORK, February 1.—Money very easy, but rather more active; 6@6 per cent. for call loans. Sterling, 9@10 for gold for first class bills. Gold is without any decided change; opening at 140¼, advancing to 140⅝, and closing at 140¾@140⅞. Bank statement says the increase in loans is $3,623,512; decrease in specie, $1,151,480; decrease in circulation, $20,241; increase in deposits, $1,957,008. New Tennessee bonds, 69¼.

Cotton very firm but less active; sales, 3900 bales; uplands, 19¾. Rice quiet; Carolina, 10¾@11¼c. Coffee steady. Sugar firm; Cuba, 11¾@12½c. Molasses quiet. Flour quiet but steady. Corn firm, $1 25@1 32. Dry goods generally firm, with fair inquiry at about the same prices.

LONDON, February 1, p.m.—Consols, 83¼@83⅝. United States 5 20's closed quiet at 72½@72¾. Illinois Central, 86¾; Erie, 48¼.

LIVERPOOL, February 1, p.m.—Cotton closed easier, though prices are unchanged. Breadstuffs are dull and nearly all articles have materially declined.

NEW ORLEANS, February 1.—Sugar and molasses unchanged and firm. Flour firm and unchanged. Corn firm, $1 02@1 05. Oats quiet, 84c. Cotton firm; middling, 18½c; sales, 3500 bales; receipts, 4300; exports, 9500. Sterling unchanged. New York sight ½ discount. Gold, 139.

LOUISVILLE, February 1.—Tobacco is steady; lugs, $5 10@7; medium leaf, $9@12. Cotton, 17@17½c, and steady. Flour—superfine, $7 75@8; fancy, $12 50. Corn, 75@80c for ear and shelled in bulk. Oats, 66@67c. Lard, 13½@13¾c. Mess pork, $22 50. Bacon—shoulders, 10@10½c; clear rib sides, 12½c; clear sides, 13c. Bulk shoulders, 9c; clear sides, 12½c. The market is very firm, with heavy sales.

ST. LOUIS, February 1.—Tobacco, none offering. Flour, quiet and firm; superfine, $7 25. Red and white winter wheat, $2 50@2 70. Corn very dull, 75@85c. Oats, 66@70c. Rye, easier, $1 70. Provisions firmer and higher. Mess pork, $22. Bacon, clear sides, 11¾@11¾c. Lard, very firm, 13@13½c.

CINCINNATI, February 1.—Flour firm; family $11 25@11 50. Wheat firmer; red, $2 55. Corn firmer; ear, 83@84c. Oats higher; 66@70c. Rye, $1 67½@1 68. Fall barley, $2 25@2 33. Provisions are firmer. Mess pork, $21@22. Bulk meat, 8¾@10½c; bacon shoulders, 9½@9¾c; clear rib, 8c; clear sides, 12@12½c. Lard, 13½c.

TENNESSEE ITEMS.

—At Cnattanooga, on the 29th ult., the Cherokee arrived from up the river with 3000 bushels of corn, 1000 bushels of oats, and a large lot of butter, eggs, potatoes, etc., after leaving a lot of freight at the mouth of the Hiwassee, which she could not accommodate.

—The citizens of Chattanooga are thinking of using coal in preference to wood. It is close at hand.

—Gabriel Clark, negro, who wasn't shot for stealing hogs, at Chattanooga, has been bound over for trial, and his compatriot who was shot, was rather sore to be put on his examination on the 20th.

—The Louisville *Courier* of the 31st learns that the statement made that Capt. Brown, was appointed receiver on Memphis, Clarksville and Louisville railroad, is without the slightest foundation.

—We learn, says the Knoxville *Press*, that a land, or rather rock, slide occurred on the Knoxville and Kentucky railroad on Saturday, by which a large rock was thrown upon the track. The obstruction was promptly removed, but on Sunday another slide occurred. Trains were thrown off the track by both slides. The obstructions will not create any delay in the running of the road and we presume they are removed by this time.

—Mrs. Margaret Burke sued the Nashville and Louisville Railroad for the death of her husband, laying the damages at $10,000. The Circuit Court gave her a verdict for half that sum on the 30th ult.

—Another coal oil explosion occurred on Wednesday near Chattanooga, by which a little boy named Moore was burned to death.

—The *Banner* says: Maj. Ewing informs us that at no time since the close of the war has the freighting capacity of his road been so severely taxed. Vast quantities of corn, bacon, wheat and cotton are seeking a market at New York from the productive country between this point and Chattanooga.

MISSISSIPPI ITEMS.

—Gen. Gillem has withdrawn the order to Col. W. H. McCardle, of the Vicksburg *Times*, to keep the peace, who informs "the dogs who yelped so fiercely while he was in prison," that "if any of them desire to bite," his "hands and feet are both free."

—E. M. Yerger, Esq., has retired from the editorial direction of the Vicksburg *Herald*, his valedictory appearing on the 28th ult., "other paramount duties of a personal and political character, demanding his attention."

MARRIED.

MCKNIGHT—WARREN—On the 18th ult., by the Rev. Mr. Warren, Wm. MCKNIGHT to Miss LISA WARREN, all of Gibson county.

Love has over-ridden all bonds of chivalry and captured a Knight. May the silken ties of Hymen prove a life of eternal bliss, never to be overshadowed by a passing cloud of sorrow.

PRICE—ADAMSON—On the 12th ult., by the Rev. Mr. Leigh, Mr. WM. H. PRICE to Miss MAGGIE ADAMSON, all of Gibson county.

We wish the above couple a long and happy life, and when the shades of separation hover o'er them, may all the past be as happy as their bridal morn.

NEW ADVERTISEME'TS

MASONIC NOTICE.—A meeting will be held at the hall of South Memphis Lodge, for the purpose of completing the organization of a Relief Lodge, Monday, 3d instant, at 3 o'clock p.m. JOHN ZENT, Chairman.
feb2 1t

MASONIC NOTICE.—The officers and members of Angerona Lodge No. 183, are hereby notified to attend a regular communication, on Monday evening, 3d inst., at 7 o'clock.

All members of sister city Lodges, and transient brethren in good standing, are fraternally invited to attend.

D. B FORSTER, W. M.
JOHN BRAMISH, Sec'y.
feb2 1t

WANTED.—A graduate of the University of Virginia, in the Schools of Ancient and Modern Languages, Mathematics and Natural Philosophy, who has had an experience of eight years as a Teacher in Virginia, desires a position in a College or Academy, or as Principal of a School. Satisfactory references given, in Virginia and Tennessee. Address C. W. TEMPLE, care Col. Jos. R. Mosby, Somerville, Tenn.
feb2 1w

REMOVAL.

THE ladies and public generally will find Mrs. M. C. HUNTER'S Southern Emporium of Fashion

AT 247 MAIN STREET,

Opposite Odd Fellows' Hall, between Court and Jefferson streets, where she will be pleased to wait on all.
feb2 3t

LADIES BUY YOUR FURS

AT ONE-HALF NEW YORK PRICE AT WHEATON & CO'S, Hatters and Furriers, 199 Main street.

We are closing out our large stock of

LADIES' AND MISSES' FURS, at one-half New York prices. We have Mink, Golden Fitch, Siberia Squirrel, Canada Sable, River Mink, etc., etc., in all styles and best qualities, all of which we will sell at ONE-HALF NEW YORK PRICE.

Hats and Caps at reduced prices.
feb2 1w WHEATON & CO.

Just Received,

A LARGE AND FRESH SUPPLY OF

LANDRETH'S GARDEN SEEDS.

Also, FLOWER SEEDS.

feb2 1w CHANDLER & CO.

CHEAP DRY GOODS

FROM

AUCTION

Bought at the Late Sales.

MENKEN BROTHERS

OFFER

LINENS,

JACONET EDGINGS,

INDIA MULLS AND CAMBRICS,

NAINSOOKS, SWISSES,

CORSETS.

MARSEILLES BED BLANKETS.

BLANKETS,

TABLE CLOTHS AND TOWELS,

NAPKINS,

AT

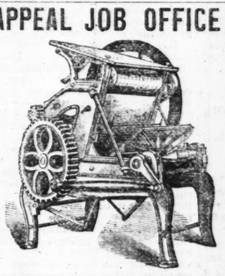
BARGAINS EXTRAORDINARY!

COUNTRY MERCHANTS

Will do well to look at

OUR GENERAL STOCK.

APPEAL JOB OFFICE!



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—AND—

RAILROAD PRINTING

In a style unsurpassed by any office in the South, and at

THE VERY LOWEST PRICES.

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Business Cards,
Business Cards,
Business Cards,
Business Cards,

Visiting Cards,
Visiting Cards,
Visiting Cards,
Visiting Cards,

Wedding Cards,
Wedding Cards,
Wedding Cards,
Wedding Cards,

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Reduced Prices

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APPEAL JOB OFFICE.

Appeal Job Office.

Bill Heads,
Bill Heads,
Bill Heads,

Dray Tickets,
Dray Tickets,
Dray Tickets,

Shipping Tags,
Shipping Tags,
Shipping Tags,

Bills Lading,
Bills Lading,
Bills Lading,

—AT—

Reduced Prices

—AT THE—

APPEAL JOB OFFICE.

Appeal Job Office.

Catalogues,
Catalogues,

Constitutions,
Constitutions,
By-Laws,
By-Laws,

Pamphlets,
Pamphlets,

—AND—

Books of all Kinds,
Books of all Kinds,

PRINTED IN THE

BEST STYLE AT LOW PRICES

—AT THE—

APPEAL JOB OFFICE.

NEW AD

dead of patriotism, no one can calculate. The attempts on the life of CROMWELL as individuals become stockholders of a private corporation, and as the corpora-

all executions on real and personal prop-erty.

for an insurance Company, but failed, committed suicide to-day, and that he was a defaulter to the amount of $600,000.

political character, de-manding his attention."

APPEAL JOB OFFICE.

THE MEMPHIS DAILY APPEAL-----SUNDAY, FEBRUARY 2, 1868.

ANNOUNCEMENTS.

FOR COUNTY COMMISSIONER.—WM. E. BARNETT is a candidate for County Commissioner, subject to the nomination of the Conservative party. jan28 te

PLEASE announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Trustee—subject to the nomination of the Conservative Convention of Shelby county. GEO. C. HOLMES.
January 24, 1868.

WE are authorized to announce D. R. GRACE as a candidate for the office of Marshal of Municipal Court, subject to the decision of the Conservative convention. jan19 te

FOR TAX COLLECTOR.—We are authorized to announce PHILIP GARVIN as a candidate for re-election to the office of Tax Collector of Shelby county, at the election in March next. jan19 te

CLERK OF COMMON LAW AND CRIMINAL COURT.—We are authorized to announce F. L. WARNER as candidate for Criminal and Common Law Court Clerk, subject to the nomination of the Conservative convention. jan19 te

WE are authorized to announce Mr. JOHN NORTON as a candidate for re election to the office of constable of the 16th Civil District of Shelby county. jan16 te

FOR COUNTY TRUSTEE.—*Messrs Editors Appeal:* You will please announce my name as a candidate for County Trustee of Shelby county, Tennessee, at the ensuing March election, subject to nomination of the Conservative party. Respectfully,
A. M. WOODWARD.
jan15 te

FOR COUNTY REGISTER.—In response to the call of my friends, I announce myself a candidate for County Register at the ensuing March election, subject to the nomination of the Democratic Conservative party.
W. L. STEWART.
jan15 te

THOMAS W. REILLY is announced as candidate for Register of Deeds for Shelby county at the ensuing March election. jan15 te

FOR COUNTY REGISTER.—COL. JOHN MARTIN, Sr., announces himself as a candidate for the office of County Register, subject to the nomination of the Conservative convention. jan12 te

E. W. CALDWELL is a candidate for Tax Collector of Shelby county at the ensuing March election. jan11 te

PLEASE announce my name as a candidate for the office of County Register for Shelby county, at the ensuing March election. Subject to the nomination of the Conservative Convention.
J. W. KING.
jan8-3d te

WE are authorized to announce AMOS H. CURLIN as a candidate for Sheriff of Shelby county at the ensuing March election in 1868.
Memphis, July 31, 1867. aul te

FOR RENT.

HOUSE FOR RENT AND FURNITURE FOR SALE.—A House for rent on Union street, with seven rooms and outhouses, at $50 per month.—The Furniture for sale at $2,500—cost $6,000—nearly new. Apply to
REID & WILSON.
Or Fowlkes' Hall.
feb1

FOR RENT.—ROOMS AND OFFICES OVER German National Bank, No. 266 Main street.
jan21 1w MARTIN GRIFFIN Cashier

FOR RENT.—A HOUSE CONTAINING 8 rooms, a front and side porch, in a genteel neighborhood, on the corner of Poplar and Orleans streets, fronting on Orleans. Inquire at 148 Adams street.
jan29 1w MARTIN DALY.

FOR RENT.—THE LATE RESIDENCE OF John L. Taylor, deceased, on Adams street, near R. R. cabbs. Large lot and pleasant place. Rent low.
jan21 tf W. H. CHERRY, Admin'strator.

FOR LEASE OR RENT.—THAT BEAUTIFUL homestead, 5 miles east of the city, on Germantown road. The dwelling contains Hall, a good frame dwelling seven Rooms, frame Kitchen, Pantry, Smokehouse and stable, with unable room for laborers and stock; 12 acres of the best land in the country—6 acres in orchard, a good garden set in strawberry and raspberries and other needful things. Stock, wagons and farming implements for sale on the place. Also, corn, fodder and hay. Address JAMES M. WHITE, 250 Main street.
jan2 2w

FOR RENT.—A LARGE HALL, NO. 13, ON Monroe street. Apply at H. WETTER & CO., Nos. 12 and 15 Monroe street.
jan12 tf

FOR RENT.—A NO. 1 OFFICE FOR RENT. Apply to TAYLOR, COOK & CO., 220 Front street.

TO RENT.—A HANDSOME FRONT ROOM, with board, at Mrs. Dr. George C. Gray's, 96 Court street.
dec27 tf

FOR RENT.—The "CHERRY PLACE," on Bayburn avenue 1½ miles south of Court Square. Terms reasonable to a good tenant. PARIES & HARBERT,
dec21 tf 14 Monroe street.

FOR RENT.—A STORE on Main street, located in one of the best business portions of the city. Rent low to a good tenant. For particulars inquire at 64 Main street. dec20

FOR RENT—

A GROCERY STORE, at the intersection of Poplar and Orleans streets. A number one stand. Can command a large country trade. Inquire on the premises, 90 Alabama street.
dec21 tf

FOR RENT—

A centrally located business house on Front Row. Possession given immediately. Apply to
dec8-tf J. W. PAGE, Jr.

FOR SALE.

FOR SALE.—A first class 30-HORSE POWER ENGINE, Portable Boiler, and No. 1 SAW MILL, in complete order. Also, a first class GRIST MILL will be sold 1 w. Inquire at No. 42 Front street, or at No. 35 Union street, Memphis.
jan31 2w

FOR SALE.—A COUNTER SUITABLE FOR a Cigar, Fruit or News stand. Apply at this office.
jan29

FOR SALE OR RENT.—The Malone (or old McNeal) Plantation, situated on the bank of the river, a few miles below sunflower Landing, Mississippi. Six or seven hundred acres in cultivation, with good farming implements ten head plow stock, and 1000 to 1500 bushels corn. This is one of the highest places on the river. Apply to FARTEE & HARBERT, No. 14 Monroe street.
jan28 tm

FOR SALE.—DRUG STORE.—STOCK AND Fixtures of a Drug Store in Bolivar, Tenn. Invoice $2500. Will be sold very low for cash or secured paper. Address R. B. WOOD.
Bolivar, Tenn.
ja21 2w

HOUSE AND LOT FOR SALE OR RENT. An elegant Cottage RESIDENCE (improvements all new), with five acres of ground, in Germantown, on the Memphis and Charleston Railroad. House contains five rooms, with all necessary out-houses. For further information, apply to H. T. Jones or Capt. Geo M. Jones, near Germantown, or to the undersigned. O. M. AISUP.
January 2, 1868. ja1 2w

WANTS.

WANTED.—A house containing three or four rooms, in a good neighborhood, for which a moderate rent will be promptly paid. Address A. B., this office.
jan26

WANTED TO BUY.—A small improved FARM, consisting of about 150 acres, within about fifteen miles of Memphis, for which I am prepared to pay $2.50 cash on first payment. Address, with full description, location, improvements, etc, J. C. F., care Appeal office.
jan4 tf

WANTED.—A NO. 1 COTTON PLANTation. I desire to exchange a well-improved suburban Residence, 2½ miles from Court Square, for a good Cotton Plantation, Mississippi or Arkansas river lands preferred. Must be above overflow. Address U. S. A., care T. A. Nelson & Co., Memphis, Tenn.
ja21 tf

WANTED.—A SECOND-HAND PORTABLE Engine, with Saw and Grist Mill. Apply at this office.
ja11

WANTED—To Rent, a HOUSE, within two or three squares of Court Square, containing five or six rooms, besides Kitchen and servant's room, for which a liberal rent will be paid by a good tenant. Address M. A., Appeal office.
jan4 tf

WANTED.—A WET NURSE. Apply to No. 38 Main street, or this office.
ja3 tf

WANTED—FROM THREE TO EIGHT Acres well Timbered Land, within five miles of Court Square, for which cash will be paid. Address C. DOWDY,
dec9 1w* Senatobia, Miss.

WANTED.—A situation as Book keeper by an old citizen, and fully competent. Will close up old books and open new ones, or do any other kind of writing. Best of references given. Address "Frank," care of Appeal office.
dec24 tf

INFORMATION WANTED—Of MARY J. ROBINSON and Child, the Widow and Daughter of Wm. Harrison, Pattern-maker, who was murdered in Nashville, Tenn., on the 3d of May, 1865. If living, and will correspond with the undersigned, they will hear of something to their advantage. Address H. BAILEY, Merchant Tailor, Savannah, Ga., Box 188.
jan8

WANTED.

SMOKERS TO KNOW THAT GENUINE

PARTAGAS AND REGALIA DEL REY

CIGARS

Are for sale at the OVERTON HOTEL'S

Smoker's Emporium.

GEORGE L. GRAYSER,
dec8 3m Proprietor, Memphis.

GOOD NEWS FOR the HOLIDAYS

GROCERIES, GREEN & DRIED FRUITS,

Preserves, Jellies,

TOBACCO, CIGARS, ETC.,

—AND—

CONFECTIONERIES

IN ALL THEIR VARIETY.

WE have recently been placed in receipt of a large and most well selected stock of FANCY GROCERIES, etc., Brazil Nuts, Citron, [illegible] Toys, [illegible]thy for [illegible] of Fruits, [illegible] other [illegible] of our [illegible] to our [illegible] business [illegible] satisfactory.

[illegible] daily as [illegible] manufactured at this [illegible] demonstrate [illegible] offering of [illegible] ers, [illegible] dison.

[illegible]ROS.

PRINTING PAPER,

No. 59 Northeast cor. Public Square, Nashville. | No. 37 South Court Street, Memphis.

Wanted to Exchange.

WHO will exchange Memphis property for a well improved place of 3000 acres, 600 to 800 acres in high cultivation, in Yallobusha county, Mississippi, 4½ miles west of Coffeeville? Gin House, Gin and Mill on the place, good and substantial quarters, as well as Stables, Cribs, etc., 15 head of Mules, 40 head of Cattle, Stock Hogs and Corn and Fodder to run the place; also, Wagons, Farming Tools, etc., etc. Hands can be had at low figures, a part of which are now on the place. Might take part Memphis property and merchandise. Refer to

MEMPHIS APPEAL

Office---No. 13 Jefferson Street.

CITY MATTERS.

Memphis and Charleston Railroad.

Through Mail (daily)..... ARRIVE. DEPART.
Grand Junction Accom'd'n (daily except Sunday)..... 5:30 p.m. 10:30 a.m.
Somerville accommodation (daily except Sunday)..... 8:55 a.m. 5:10 p.m.
Railroad Time 15 m nutes faster than city time.
Ticket office, 278 Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.
W. J. R. 88, Gen'l Sup't.

Memphis and Louisville Railroad Line.

Day Express..... DEPART. ARRIVE.
Night Express..... 7:00 a.m. 3:25 p.m.
Railroad Time 15 m nutes faster than city. 3:00 p.m. 9:15 a.m.
Ticket offices N., 277½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.
SAM'L B JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

Mississippi and Tennessee Railroad.

ARRIVE. DEPART.
New Orleans Express, daily..... 3:25 p.m. 4:10 p.m.
Sardis accom'n Ex Sunday..... 10:50 a.m. 1:50 p.m.
Freight, daily..... 5:45 p.m. 5:45 a.m.
A. S. LIVERMORE, Gen'l Sup't.
C. P. OAKLEY, Gen. Ticket Ag't. ja5

CLOSING OF MAILS.

Until further notice the Mails will close as follows:

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Richmond, New York, Baltimore, and all cities north and west, at 2:30 p.m.
Southern Mail close Sundays, one hour earlier than daily.
Ticket offices N., 277½ Main street and at Depot, head of Main street.
SAM'L B JONES, Gen'l Sup't.

CLOSING OF MAILS.

Until further notice the Mails will close as follows:

For Cairo, Chicago, St. Louis, Nashville, Louisville, Cincinnati, Cleveland, Pittsburg, Philadelphia, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, New York, Nashville, and all cities north and east, at 12:45 p.m.
For New Orleans, Baton Rouge, Jackson, Miss., Vicksburg, Natchez, and all cities south, at 3:15 p.m.
All stations on Mississippi and Tennessee, Southern, New Orleans, Jackson and Great Northern railroads at 3:15 p.m.
All stations on Memphis and Louisville and branch railroads at 2:30 p.m.
All stations on Memphis and Charleston, Mississippi Central, Mobile and Ohio, Nashville and Decatur, Nashville and Chattanooga and East Tennessee railroads at 12:45 p.m.
For Little Rock, Pine Bluff and all Landings on Arkansas and Whitetrivers, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.
Mississippi river—south, (semi-weekly), Tuesdays and Saturdays.
Mississippi river—north, (semi-weekly) Mondays and Fridays.
R. C. GIST, Postmaster Memphis.

REMOVAL.

Our friends will remember that the APPEAL BUSINESS OFFICE is now located at **No. 13 Jefferson street.**

The EDITORIAL ROOMS of the APPEAL have been removed to No. 14 Jefferson street, upstairs, where we will be glad to see our friends at all times

Business, Visiting and Wedding Cards Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

Directory of Conservative Colored Men Wanting Employment.

MARENGO JOHNSON, I want to work on a PURLEY MITCHELL, farm.
LEWIS NOTREME, house servant or steward.
BRITTON HINES, old and faith ul house servant.
WM. HUTCHINS, EDW CRAWFORD,
EDW CONEELY, MONROE PARHAM,
SAMUEL GRAHAM, WM FOSTER,
HARVEY BROWN, JOHN POOL.
JAMES NEWTON.

BARBERS to be PATRONIZED.

NED ADAMS, Main street.
NICK ALEXANDER, 4 Jefferson street.
WILLIAM DE MOSS, 15½ Court street.

Bill Heads Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

CENTRAL METHODIST CHURCH—On Union street—Sabbath school at 9 a.m., and preaching at 11 o'clock. Rev. W. M. Patterson, pastor.

ELDER T. W. CASKEY will preach at the Linden street Christian Church today at 11 a.m., and at 7 p.m. Bible class and Sunday school at half past nine o'clock.

FIRST Cumberland Presbyterian Church, Court street, Rev. L. C. Ransom, pastor. Services: 9 a.m., Sabbath school; 11 a.m., Anniversary sermon, giving rise and progress of the Cumberland Presbyterian Church; after which a collection for home missions will be taken up; 7 p.m., preaching.

Bill Heads Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

AN OLD OFFENDER.—Jas. Moran, an old offender, was sent to the Criminal Court yesterday (by a Justice) charged with stealing some copper from J. V. Powell.

FALSE PRETENSES.—The young African called Henry Spencer, who stands charged with obtaining goods under false pretenses, was sent up yesterday by Esquire Moore.

STABBING AT CHELSEA.—A negro called Ljudsay Howard was charged with stabbing Julius Douglass in the left thigh, in Chelsea yesterday morning. Of course a woman was at the bottom of it.

LOST COW.—Joe Slappjack, no relation to Mr. Buckwheat, lost a bovine yesterday valued at one hundred dollars. Information was given to the police, but no trace has as yet been got of the lost *milkite*.

CONTINUED.—The case of the State vs. Cosgrove, charged with the murder of the Street Commissioner, Tom Malone, was before Justice Moore yesterday, and the further examination of the case was continued till Tuesday at 3 p.m.

SENT UP.—Henry Spencer, who has a legal right to vote *a la* Brownlow, thought he could steal his neighbors goods with impunity. Justice Moore was of a different opinion, and sent Henry to the arm chair for further examination.

VALENTINES.—A large lot of valentines, comic and fancy, with suitable and beautiful mottoes, for every stage of sweetheartism, can be found at the news and periodical stores of EMMONS & SON, No. 10 Jefferson street and No. 353 Main street.

POCKET PICKING.—A case of pocket picking occurred at the Memphis and Charleston Railroad depot yesterday morning. Mr. G. W. Bolling was the loser of the sum of three hundred and fifty dollars in currency. The money has not yet been recovered.

HOUSE ROBBERY.—The house of Jno. L. Eichburgh, the popular stove dealer who resides at 108 Promenade street, was robbed yesterday morning of a quantity of groceries valued at one hundred dollars. An entrance was effected by drawing the staple iron.

Bill Heads Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

STEALING SHOES.—The shoe store of C. T. Thorne, No. 184 Third street, was entered by some burglars yesterday morning, by way of the front door, and robbed of a quantity of boots and shoes. The proprietor is anxious to know the names of the thieves.

STEALING HOGS.—An old offender, named Joe Van Dyke, was furnished with quarters in the county prison yesterday, for stealing some slaughtered porkers from the house of Pat Kearns, No. 38 Front street. The accused was examined by Justice Moore, and sent to the Criminal Court for trial.

INTERESTING DEBATE.—We learn that Division No. 11 Sons of Temperance have organized a debating club in their Order. Dr. F. L. Sim and Mr. G. J. Campbell will be the speakers for Monday night. Our talented young friend, Mr. J. W. Dashiell, will also deliver an oration before the Order on that night.

THE PAVEMENT.—The contractors having in charge the construction of the Nicholson pavement on Main street, commenced work again yesterday vigorously. A large force was on the work, and the blocks were being laid rapidly. The season of the "Sea of Mud" will soon be over.

BOTTLES AGAIN.—The local of the *Bulletin* has his say about the two bottles and the Judiciary. He abstained from the "head cheese" business, for fear that his own head might have got mixed up. He need not have been at all apprehensive. Charley Williams would not have risked the whole batch for such small savings, in addition to which fumigation would have been rather expensive.

Business, Visiting and Wedding Cards Printed at the Lowest Prices at the Appeal Job Office.

"DON'T ADVERTISE."—The Louisville *Journal* says: "Don't advertise; it is a very bad plan. It will call attention to your place of business, and it is much better for the people who wish to trade with you to hunt you up. It gives your customers exercise and makes them healthy. Besides, if you advertise, somebody will buy up all of your goods, and then you will have to get more, and it will be a great bother to you. Don't do it. Stewart and Ayer, Bonner, and Schenck, and others, never advertise. They have an idea that it injures their business."

AN OPENING.—A large number of the friends of Capt. Alex. Low were present last night at the opening of his new hotel and restaurant, at the corner of Jefferson and Third streets, formerly known as the Hotel D'Europe. Capt. Low has fitted up this spacious mansion in splendid style, and it will no doubt soon become as famous in our city as Delmonico's in New York. An elegant supper was spread, and full justice was done to it by the invited guests, all of whom left fully convinced that the Cap-

DRAMATIC RESUME.

The stock company opened the week with the sensational drama of *Under the Gaslight*, but if did not prove attractive, as it does elsewhere, although exceedingly well put upon the stage. Our citizens do not appear to take to the sensational drama, and in that display a degree of good taste which could only be expected from our refined and cultivated audiences. They are not content with ordinary acting, or plays that depend alone upon mawkish sentiment and a series of startling situations hung together by commonplace language, and improbable events that are introduced to represent scenes in real life.

On Tuesday evening the Lotti Opera Troupe made their *debut* here in Flotow's sparkling opera, *Martha*, and the leading performers made a most favorable impression upon a large audience of the *elite* of the city. There was some disappointment that the language was German and not Italian as expected. Yet the music, and the highly cultivated voices overcame that objection, and the houses continued to be full through the week. The splendid vocalism, attractive appearance and exquisite grace and acting of the *prima donna*, Frederici, contributed more than her share to the brilliant success. The acting and singing of Herr Hummer were also strikingly effective. His "Max" and "Fust" were received with unequivocal applause. The basso, Mr. Welnlich, was equal to the music of "Plunkel" and "Sarasira," and "Mephistophiles," and his acting very fine. Lotti, as "Lyonel" and "Pamino," impressed the audience most favorably; and the same may be said of Clara Lang and Dzuiba, in their respective *roles*. Altogether, with a rather slender chorus, and an orchestra, without full training, the Opera had a brilliant week, concluding with Auber's *Fra Diavolo*, last evening for the benefit of Marie Frederici, a notice of which will be found elsewhere. The troupe will leave many pleasing *souvenirs* behind them, and the charming bursts of music from Frederici's ever-willing fount of melody will come back on memory, when she shall be delighting other audiences. The operas presented here were after *Martha*, *Faust*, *Der Freischutz*, *Zauberflote* and *Fra Diavolo*.

Mr. Elwin Forrest, the great tragedian, will appear on Monday evening, the first of the five nights to which his engagement is limited. During his stay he will produce *Metamora* and *the Gladiator*, written for him by Augustus Stone and Dr. Bird, and we may truly say "we shall not look upon their like again."

Professor Leo Wheat gave a concert on Monday evening, at the request of a number of our prominent citizens, which was largely attended, and the music was of a very superior order. He is perfect master of the piano. The ladies who assisted, with vocalism, were enthusiastically encored.

—To-morrow evening, Mr. Frank Mayo will commence an engagement at DeBar's Opera House, St. Louis. His many friends here, whom he made his friends by his portrayals mainly department and truly artistic delineation of character, will be gratified to hear of his complete success. He came here without professional fame, and left with us a recollection of great merit and all the promise of rapid advancement and a brilliant future.

—They are still playing the "Red Crook," founded on "The Lost Cause," to crowded houses at Nashville. "Under the Gaslight" is having a successful run at Louisville.

—It is said that Templeton is organizing a new company at Cairo.

—Mrs. Lander was to close her engagement at DeBar's Opera House, St. Louis, as "Adrienne."

—Harry McCarthy, well known in Memphis during the first year of the war, is giving entertainments in Georgia, in conjunction with Miss Lottie Estelle and Mr. M. O'Sweardon, on the "jumbleonleon."

—They were here in Atlanta.

—The Shreveport *Southwestern* of the 23d ult. says: During the past week the Histrionic Association have given several very interesting entertainments at Brewer's Hall to large audiences. Last Friday and Saturday nights they played Bulwer's beautiful play "*The Lady of Lyons*" in a very creditable manner. Lieut. Clerk's "Claude Melnotte," Bryan's "Colonel Dumas" and Miss Chippendale's "Madame Deschappelles" were really good. Pope Oldham, in his favorite songs, added much to the pleasure of the audience.

—Speaking of Forrest, the New Orleans *Picayune*, of the 28 h ult., says: A fine audience greeted Mr. Forrest last evening on his reappearance in the great character of "Metamora," the last of the Wamponoags. This character is peculiarly Mr. Forrest's, and as no one else has ever attempted it, or has ever had the right to do so, it is impossible to criticise by comparison. When we consider Mr. Forrest's advanced age, and the physical infirmities under which he labors, it is really wonderful that he succeeds at all in any impersonation that requires unusual vigor and sprightliness of action. That he does succeed, and that to a remarkable extent, the full houses which have greeted him each evening amply attests. Miss Lillie's "Nameokee" was distinguished by that simplicity and naturalness of which we have so frequently spoken as attributes of this very meritorious young actress. The reading of Miss Lillie is always correct and pleasing; she has evidently made elocution a study. If she lacks anything, it is perhaps the power of portraying the stronger passions.

—The Maretzek-Grover Opera Troupe commenced a series of performances at Mozart Hall, Cincinnati, on the 30th, with *Il Trovatore*.

—Josiah Cook, of Buffalo, has entered a suit against Blind Tom, the pianist, and his agent and doorkeeper at St. James' hall, for the forcible ejection of one Geo. Dover, a negro barber, and his wife, from one of Blind Tom's entertainments, after they had purchased tickets of admission.

—New York and Boston have already paid Mr. Dickens $60,000 for his readings, and are ready to add a handsome figure to this sum. Cor he has penned what he can from Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis. Mr. Dickens is sure of a quarter of a million of dollars.

TO GARDENERS.—Chandler & Co. are receiving fresh garden seed daily. The genial face of the senior of the firm is there to wait on his customers.

COTTON IS A FAILURE.—Every farmer and planter will plant garden seeds. They can get fresh garden seeds from G. W. Jones & Co., 257 Main street.

THE CHEAPEST.—We examined, yesterday, the goods recently purchased at bankrupt sale, by M. Wolf & Co., 230 Main street, and we state, without hesitation, that they are the cheapest goods we have seen on the market. The plain figures in which they are marked show for themselves.

No. 317 MAIN.—At this house may be found the pleasant features of our old and esteemed friend, Col. Geo. Patterson and his son, who continue to do a first class book and stationery business. They have the latest publications and everything choice in their line.

PHONOGRAPHY.—We understand that Mr. Watkins intends delivering a lecture to morrow evening, in the old United States Court room, over Mansfield & Higbee's drug store, on Main street, between Madison and Monroe streets. Mr. Watkins proposes to give lessons at moderate rates. He should be well patronized.

G. W. JONES & Co.—Among the oldest and most reliable drug firms ever in Memphis, is that of G. W. Jones & Co., 257 Main street. They import their goods from first hands, and the purchaser can always know they are pure and fresh. They keep a large supply of Landreth's garden seed.

TENTH WARD MEETING.—The Democratic citizens are requested to meet at G. M. Guest's store, Horsando road, near Elliott street, on Monday evening, February 3d, at five o'clock p.m., to elect delegates to the Convention to meet on the 14th of February. A large attendance is earnestly requested.
By order of Ward Committee.

JOE LOCKE, No. 22 Jefferson street, has just received the Literary Album, Chimney Corner, Metropolitan Record, London News and Times, Waverley Magazine, New York Ledger, Irish People, Republic and Citizen, The Southern Journal of Music, Jolly Joker, Phunny Phellow, Atlantic Monthly and Almanac, Harper's Magazine, Land we Love for February, Art Journal, Louisville Courier, Cincinnati Esquirer and all the Western dailies.

40 Jefferson street.

AMUSEMENTS.

NEW MEMPHIS THEATER.—The song is hushed—the music has "died into an echo," and we shall sober down to the more prosaic representation of the serious drama. *Eva Diavolo* was performed last night very much to the delight of those present, but the house was not so well filled as on the previous evenings. This was singular, too, as it was Frederici's benefit and she appeared as "Lady Allcash," or as the bills had it, 'Reebury.' The amusing duett between the brigands (Steineke and Weinlich) in the last act was encored, and the descriptive *scena* of *Fra Diavolo* (Franz Himmer) "Proudly and Wide my Standard Files," was splendidly sung. Frederici was all herself, and as graceful and charming as ever, and as "Zerline" Miss Clara Lang acquitted herself most pleasingly, especially in the scene where she prepares for her *robe de nuit*, and is afterwards perplexed that her adornments are misplaced (abstracted) at the unmoons of her lover (Mr. Lotti) whose singing was exceedingly sweet and well received. We bid farewell to these delicious entertainments with regret. The sounds will long linger with us—"yet, farewell." On Monday evening Mr. Forrest will appear in his great character of "Richelieu," with Barton Hill as "De Mauprat," and Miss Lillie as "Julie." We are confident the New Memphis will be crowded in every part to witness this confessedly greatest of American, and we think of living actors.

THE VARIETIES.—This place of amusement, under the management of Charley Brown, continues to be well and deservedly patronized. The fine acting of a majority of the performers always please their audiences.

MISS KATIE GILBERT.—The many friends and admirers of this talented little favorite, will be pleased to learn that she has been placed under the scientific instruction of Prof. DeGray Bennet, why will bring her out in the spring as an operatic danseuse. We remember the Professor in "days lang syne," when he ranked with the first operatic dancers and ballet masters in the country, and are confident that none could be found better qualified in every respect to impart instruction in the graces and elegances of the art, to his gifted little pupil, for whom nature has done so much, as we all have repeatedly noticed in her occasional efforts on the stage, to which she has shown herself fully equal in what ever position she has been cast. We should be loth to know that she had relinquished her inclining to the representation of character in the elevated walks of the drama, and are certain that while she is undergoing the requisite training for accomplishments that will be useful, her native energy and ambition will not permit her to leave off those studies and that mental culture which will enable her to take a high rank in the profession she has adopted.

The Mechanics' Meeting.

At the Casino Hall last night there was a meeting of a large number of the mechanics of this city. This being an adjourned meeting, the same gentlemen presided as at the former meeting, namely, Mr. P. J. Mallon, President, and Mr. J. E. Doyle, Secretary. The meeting being called to order, a motion was carried to appoint twenty as a committee to frame a petition to the State Senate to pass the Mechanics' Lien bill, which passed the House on the 15th ult. This committee having retired to the ante-room, the meeting was addressed by Judge Smith and Col. John Martin. The committee reported that the following petition be signed by all the mechanics of this city and addressed to the Senate:

To the General Assembly of the State of Tennessee:

Your petitioners respectfully pray your honorable body to pass without delay a bill which has passed the House, and is now before the Senate, entitled "a bill to protect the mechanics," and which we deem very important. The mechanics, builders and workingmen generally would be greatly benefitted by the passage of said bill, and their interests and rights greatly require said protection.

Names of committee: M E Cochran, Jno L Eichberg, J E Doyle, L Collins, Alex Russell, Wm Eaden, W Savage, C Murdock, Geo Hook, Wm Venable, Wm Black, Thos Cubbins, W Belt, W Montgomery, J Weiler, T S Jukes, Lewis Amis, John Gunn, J H Witchell, Wm Farris, M Ford, T M Rhinehart; Mr Jno L Eichberg, Chairman.

To All Whom It May Concern.

MEMPHIS, February 1, 1868.

This is to certify that we have been using Petro oil since February 1, 1867, and take great pleasure in recommending its use in all families who may desire a brilliant and perfectly safe light; and we pronounce it the safest and best light we can get from oil, and that it is a great deal the clearest oil that can be used, we can vouch for. JNO. D. ALLEN & BRO.

Petro oil at sixty cents per gallon at Rosenbaum & Co.'s, Irving block stove store. feb2 3t

POLICE BUSINESS.—From the following report of the First and Second Districts, our readers will see the efficiency of the present Metropolitan Police force:

Capt. P. S. Simonds' Monthly Report, First District, for January.—Number of arrests, 394; amount fines assessed, $3212 50; fines collected, $1704 50; collected on mittimus, $628 25; total collections, $2332 75; lost and stolen property recovered, $692 75. Lodgings furnished to persons without money or homes, 225. Amount of lost and stolen property recovered by detectives during the month of January, $4490 25; First District, $692 75; Second District, $1659 00; total amount recovered, $7141 00.

Capt. S. Perry's Monthly Report, Second District, for January.—Number of cases fined at Court, 93; discharged, 52; State cases, 49; total, 194. Amount fines assessed, $2455 50; amount fines collected, $1881 00; mittimus issued, $535 50; appeal cases, $42 00; total, $2455 50; collected on mittimus, $130 50. Lost and stolen property recovered, $1659 00.

FIRES.—There were two fires yesterday morning, about the same time, at different ends of the city. It was nearly two o'clock when the first alarm was given. Two small frames, belonging to W. A. Cordes, on Market street, near the bayou bridge, were consumed. One was occupied as a grocery and the other as a dwelling. Most of the furniture was saved. No insurance. The other was a grocery of Mr. Robert Peplow, corner of Main and South streets. A portion of the groceries was saved, but the building, being of wood, burned rapidly. The brick dwelling in the rear of the store caught, and was saved with difficulty. Mr. Peplow's loss is about $5000, on which he had no insurance. A thief stole his vest while he was engaged in saving his stock, in which was his watch, valued at $150.

MATRIMONIAL.—The matrimonial market for the past week has been very dull. Cotton is active. The certificates below have been returned to the County Clerk's office, showing that the parties named have been legally united: Michael Hollis and Gerome Trusdel, 9th of January; Lemuel Bell and Mrs. Nancy Dalton, 27th of October; Jonas Beard and Charlotte Moore, 22d of January; John Gillam and Sarah Taylor, 27th of January; John F. Thorpe and Eugene Roe, 24th of December; Harry Grant and Emma Hall, 7th of January; James Davis and Mrs. A. P. Kennett, 24th of January.

THE COURTS.

UNITED STATES COURT—*Connelly F. Trigy, Judge.*—The following proceedings were had in this Court on yesterday: Mr. J. B. Farnham was sworn in and admitted as an attorney; United States vs W. J. Johnson, demurrer sustained and case dismissed; Jones vs Andrews et al, Commercial Hotel case, was heard on argument—Messrs. McRae and Humes for the plaintiff, and Messrs. Randolph and Craft for the defendants. The petitions in bankruptcy filed with the Clerk since January 29, 1868, are as follows: P. I. Huette, Shelby county; W. P. Algeo, Shelby county; R. A. Mason, Fayette county.

BANKRUPTCY COURT.—*T. J. Latham, Register.*—A number of important rules for the governing of proceedings in this Court are in course of preparation by the Register, and will be published on Tuesday morning. Attorneys in the cases of Wm. B. Booker and J. F. Allison will take notice that the petitions have been found incorrect, and no further proceedings had therein until the same be corrected by said attorneys.

CRIMINAL COURT—*Wm. Hunter, Judge.* Meets on Monday next pursuant to adjournment. The *Avalanche* contempt cases will probably come up for hearing on that day.

SHELBY CIRCUIT COURT.—*George W. Reeves, Judge.*—Motions were heard on yesterday, and Monday next the criminal docket will be taken up. The case of the State vs. Bartlett, indictement for murder, has been specially set for trial on said day.

MUNICIPAL COURT—*George W. Waldron, Judge.*—Monday will be motion day; after hearing the same, the city cases set for yesterday, will be for trial. A calendar will be published for Tuesday next.

CHANCERY COURT—*Wm. M. Smith, Chancellor.*—The orders and decrees entered on yesterday are as follows:

Mitchell vs Trent, order of dismissal.
Greenlaw vs Hawkins, by agreement of C & M.
Wicks vs McDermott, order of sale.
Davis vs Paine, decree against purchaser, etc.
Evans vs Wynne, order of reference.
Bettis vs Trice, order of reference.
Ferris vs Lincoln, final decree.
Metcalf vs Sale, "
Boyd vs Hughes, "
Douglas & vs Griffin, "

The causes set for hearing on Monday next, are:

156 Mosby an vs Witherspoon.
175 Dalton vs Morton et al.
176 Bostick et al, vs Bostick, et al.
177 Dunlap et al, vs Jennifer et al.
178 Brown vs Boyce et al.
179 Monroe vs Taurman et al.
180 American Exchange Bank vs Andrews.
181 Bank of Tennessee vs Andrews.
189 DeLoach admr, vs M Navarra.
190 Norton vs Coates et al.
192 Smith vs Cooke et al.
193 Don ndney vs Wickersham et al.
194 Rainey et al vs Rainey et al.
195 Parran vs Brown
197 Booth et al vs Douglass et al.
199 Planters Bank of Tennessee vs Merrill.
200 Hickey et al vs Enfield et al
201 Bolton vs Bailey et al.
202 Latham et al vs Murphy et al.
204 Green et al vs Porter et al.
205 Park et al vs Lanier et al.
207 Austin vs Memphis and Little Rock Railroad Company.
208 Morris vs Jones et al.
209 Hunt vs Pegues et al.
210 Clark vs Stanton et al.
211 Kennedy vs Hasgett & Co.
212 Haigh vs Scott et al.
218 Nashville Manufacturing Company vs Fire and Marine Insurance Company of Philadelphia.
214 Mongo ney, attorn'ey, vs Beard et al.
215 Mabry vs Douglass et al.
216 Stillman et al vs Lawless.
217 Cadwell vs Potts et al.
218 Fermoyle et al vs Tate et al.
219 Coonowith vs Abbott et al.
220 Garvin et al vs Hannon et al.
221 Garvin et al vs Clark et al.
222 Dane, ass-gnee, vs Clark et al.
223 Cox vs Cameron et al.
224 Alsop et al vs McDowell.
225 White et al vs Bolton et al.
226 Johnson, assignee, vs Bettis et al.
227 Hirliand et al vs Reynolds et al.
228 Smith et al vs Hunt et al.
229 Hill et al vs Gale et al.
230 Same et al vs Mayor and Aldermen of Memphis.
234 Perry vs Wolf et al.
235 Taylor vs Johnson.
236 Hutton vs McAffee.

Mr. L. Haughton was sworn in and admitted as a solicitor in Chancery on yesterday.

MONEY is saved by buying goods from first hands. Our readers can do so by buying their drugs, perfumery, etc., from G. W. Jones & Co., 257 Main street.

ON ICE.—Joe Behr, arrested sometime since, charged with obtaining some twenty thousand dollars' worth of goods from houses in St. Louis, and taken to the place from whence he came by Detective Gray, fell through the ice a few days since. Our talented young friend, N. B. Hart, Sam Hesse, of Hesse Levy & Co., and Ed Swann, with others, got a good souse.

BROOKS, NEELY & CO.—The card of this well known firm will be found in our columns to day. As prominent merchants they stand a No. 1 in our midst, and purchasers from the country would, now that times are hard and low prices a desideratum, do well to call on them and look over their immense stock of groceries and plantation supplies.

THE following telegrams remain uncalled for in the office: S. Venable, W. M. Wilson, A. Proudfit, J. J. Murphy, Stewart, Stratton, Goyer & Co., Van Vorst, Buckham, Yates & Co., E. Worburg, McKinney, Bryson & Co., J. S. Ruffin, Perkins, Livingston & Post, J. Brown, Gates, Wood & Co., M. J. Rosselle, J. C. Griffing, Ben Babb, Davis & Norton, Jones Bros.

ON DIT.—We understand that our congenial and warm hearted friend, J. W. McCown, of Sproule & McCown, left on the Pauline Carroll for Eggs Point, Miss., to take from amongst that good old States' fairest daughters a wife. We wish him all joy and happiness, and, under the care of a few personal friends who accompany him, feel assured all will go "as merry as a marriage bell." May his shadow never grow less.

GRACE CHURCH.—This day has been set apart by the Church in memory of the presentation of Christ in the Temple at Jerusalem, and in honor of His mother, the beloved Virgin Mary. The services of the Catholic and Episcopal Churches will doubtless have specific reference to the sanctity of the day and the homage due to the Son and His mother, and prove interesting and instructive. We understand that several swe

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL.

OFFICE OF THE DAILY APPEAL,
MEMPHIS, February 1, 1868.

The money market to-day was no easier than yesterday, but, on the contrary, the amount of exchange which could not be taken was larger and counter demand rather lighter. The action in cotton has taxed our discount houses to the utmost of their ability for two or three days back. The currency market will no doubt be easier on Monday. Buying rates are unchanged and firm. Balances are very low as a general thing.

Gold opened in New York at 140¼c, and at noon had advanced ¾c. The offerings are small, but in excess of sales, and brokers therefore buy for shipment and keep up a fair margin. Buying at 38 to 39c.

City Scrip is very quiet. Outside offerings are very light, while dealers proposed to sell at 48½ to 49c for round lots; selling in a small way at 50 to 52c.

Police Warrants are in active demand, both from dealers and across the counter. Buying at 84 to 85c. Selling at 87 to 90c.

County Warrants are dull and nominal at 62 to 64c selling. Brokers are not buying.

The New York market was quiet but steady all day, and closed with a moderate demand and prices nominally unchanged. Sales for the week, 40,000 bales. Receipts for the same time, 18,000. Exports, 11,400. The Liverpool market was quiet at the opening—Uplands, 7¼d; Orleans, 8¼d; estimated sales for the day, 10,000 bales. There was but one dispatch received from that market up to the close of business. There was less inquiry here than on yesterday, and holders were firm in their views. The day's sales were light, and made upon the quotations of the day before—or, at least, there was so little difference as would not justify a change in our figures. The market was like that of New York, from the opening to the close, quiet but steady.

Stained	14	@15
Ordinary	15	@15½
Good Ordinary	16	@16½
Low Middling	17	@17½
Middling	17	@18½
Good Middling	19	@20

COTTON STATEMENT.

CHAMBER OF COMMERCE,
MEMPHIS, February 1, 1868.

Stock on hand Sept. 1, 1867		1,080
Received to-day		
Received previously	167,784	170,772
		171,782
Exported to-day	4,724	
Exported previously	162,560	167,284
Stock on hand and at presses		14,398
Receipts for the week		15,314
Exports "		11,581

The following were the cotton exports from Savannah on the 29th ult.:

Mimosa, Sawyer & Co. cleared the ship Lydia Skolfield, 1103 tons, Captain Curtis, for Liverpool, with 3445 bales upland and 78 bales sea island cotton, weighing 1,675,726 pounds, and valued at $267,877.80.

Messrs. Padelford & Cope cleared the bark Quickstep, 826 tons, Captain Chase, for Liverpool, with 2827 bales upland cotton, weighing 1,076,752 pounds, and valued at $172,304.62.

M. E. A. Soullard cleared the British bark Melbourne, 647 tons, Captain Horton, for Liverpool, with 1687 bales upland and 50 bales sea island cotton, weighing 812,850 pounds, and valued at $114,222 77.

There was a firm and active demand to-day for all articles in the general market. Prices are daily going up and stocks reducing. Meat pork has again advanced 50c per barrel; one or two lots were sold early in the day at $23 to 23 50, but $24 was the ruling price at the close. Romp is firm at $18 to 19. Bacon—clear sides, 13 to 13½c; shoulders, 11c. Bulk sides, clear, 12 to 12½c, and clear rib, 11½c. Rib, 11c; shoulders, 8½ to 9c; plain hams, 15 to 16c; bulk hams, 12 to 13½c; sugar cured hams, 16 to 17c; breakfast bacon, 15c. Lard in kegs, 14c; tierces, 13½c. Corn is in good supply and dull at 80 to 85c. There is some shipping demand for it to-day, but that market is glutted—90,000 bushels having been received in New Orleans on Wednesday alone. Oats are in fair local demand at 77 to 80c, with one sale reported at 75c. Bran, $36 to 38. Hay, $20. Cornmeal is dull, with only a limited inquiry, selling on jobbing at $4 35 to 4 50. Flour is firm, with a good local trade doing in family brands. Low grades are scarce, and prices nominal. We quote XX, $9 to $10; XX, $11 50 to $13; XXX, $14 to $14 50; fancy brands, $15 to $16. Chickens sell at $4 00 to 4 50. Eggs, 30 to 32c. Turkeys, $12 to $15. Ingrain bagging, 22 to 24c; machine, 23 to 25c; hand, nominal. Choice Western butter, 40 to 42c; good, 35 to 38c. Western Reserve cheese, 15 to 16c; English dairy, 16½ to 17c; factory, 16 to 16½c. Rio coffee, 23 to 26c; Java, 38 to 40c. Mackerel, No. 1 kits, $2 75 to 3 00; No. 2, $2 50 to 2 75; No. 3, $2 25 to 2 50. Louisiana molasses, 60 to 70c in barrels. Potatoes, firm at $3 50 to 4 00 per barrel. Kanawha salt; $3 25 to 3 50 per barrel; sack, $3 to 3 25. Tar, per dozen kegs, $6 to 7 50. Wool, washed, 25 to 29c. Inferior, 15 to 20c. Sugars, crushed and powdered 18 to 19c. Coffee, 10½ to 17½c; brown, 12½ to 16c. Tobacco, fancy work natural leaf, $1 to $1 25; bright pounds fancy, 75 to $1 25; medium, 50 to $1; common, 60 to 75c; smoking, fine cuttings, $1 to $1 25; common, 35 to 75c. Whisky is firm at $1 60 to $2 25 for common.

Stock market firm. No. 1 beef cattle 6 to 7c; No. 2, 4 to 5½c; inferior, 2½ to 3½c gross. Hogs, gross, 6½ to 6¾c; dressed, 8 to 9c. Sheep, per head, $4 to $6, as to quality.

Notice to Shippers.

HAVING become quite common for samplers to cut off one bale from the bales of cotton to facilitate the sampling operation, we have concluded to remain more than we agreed to do—therefore this is to give due notice, that on and after this date we will charge twenty cents for each and every band thus abstracted, and the report of our sampling will be taken as evidence of same. J. MERRITT, President.
WALDRAN & GILL.
jan29

To Little Rock Shippers.

THE STEAMERS LIBERTY No. 2 AND COLUMBIA will regularly ply between Memphis and Little Rock, until further notice, at the following rates, viz:

Pound Freight	80 cents per 100 pounds.
Floor	$1 00 per barrel
Whisky	$2 00 per barrel.

LEVY & MILLER, Agents.
No. 5 De Soto street.
jan12 tf

Sheriff's Sale.

C. H. Brackett vs. J. A. Wilshire, et al.

BY VIRTUE of an execution to me directed in the above stated case and levied on the property of the defendant, I will, on Tuesday, February 11, 1868,

Between the hours prescribed by law, offer and sell to the highest bidder, for cash, at the storerooms on the north side of Calhoun street, between Main and Second streets, Memphis, Shelby county, Tennessee, the following described property, viz: Two Refrigerators, Spring Mattress, Bureaus, Washstands, Chairs, Books, Writing Desk, Carpets, and all the property of defendant, Wilshire, to satisfy the execution above mentioned.

R. M. WINTERS,
Sheriff of Shelby County.
By JAMES H. SWAN, D. S.
jan29 tf&ts

J. J. SMITH.

SMITH & LEECH,

RECTIFIERS AND WHOLESALE LIQUOR DEALERS,

342 Second Street, Memphis, Tenn.

To the trade only. Liberal inducements to cash purchasers.
ja12 tf

M. L. MEACHAM, A. C. TREADWELL,
Formerly of Meacham Formerly of E. Kane & Galbreath. & Co.

MEACHAM & TREADWELL,

Wholesale and Retail Grocers, Cotton Factors, Commission Merchants, and Dealers in Plantation Supplies,

No. 9 UNION STREET,

Memphis : : : : Tennessee.

THANKFUL for the very liberal patronage heretofore extended to them, they hope by unremitting attention to business to still merit a continuance of public favors.

Their facilities for storing and selling Cotton are unsurpassed by any house in the city. A commodious Brick Fireproof Cotton Shed in the house gives them immediate and constant oversight of all Cotton in store. All Cotton consigned to us will be insured, unless instructions to the contrary.

Bagging, Rope and Iron Ties furnished at lowest market prices.
jan15 1m

CREDITORS

HAVING claims against the estate of James H. Malatesta, deceased, are hereby notified to file their claims, properly authenticated, with the undersigned, within the time prescribed by law, or the same will be barred. Persons indebted to the estate will come forward and pay the same.

NICHOLAS MALATESTA,
FRANK VACCARO,
Administrators, 292 Main street.
Ed. Burke Pickett, Attorney.
Bridges only will forbid.
dec10

AUER & CO.,

TAKE pleasure to announce to their numerous friends and patrons, that they now have opened at **42 North Court street**, with a large stock of **Flowers, Bulbs, Roots, Seeds, well adapted to this climate, and raised in their garden, which is near the city on the State Line road.**

All who wish to decorate their Windows, Gardens and Lawns with Nature's beauties, are invited to call and examine their stock, which is equal to any in this country, and will be sold at very low figures.

All Plants sold, whether in bloom or otherwise, will be warranted to be as represented.

All orders for Bouquets, laying out of Gardens, and planting Shrubbery or Fruit Trees will be promptly attended to.

All orders for Fruit Trees will be accepted and filled from the Elmwood Nursery, which is on the Pigeon Roost road near the city.
ja29

Administrator's Settlement.

In County Court of Shelby County—To the Heirs and Creditors of Samuel Hill, deceased:

NOTICE is hereby given that I have filed my settlement of the estate of Samuel Hill, deceased, with the Clerk of said County, and will apply for confirmation of said settlement at the March term, 1868, of said Court, to be held on the first Monday of said month in the Courthouse in the city of Memphis.

A. R. BARRETT, Administrator.
Approved January 27, 1868.
JOHN LOAVES, Clerk.
jan29 tf

MISCELLANEOUS.

FINLEY'S CHURN DASHER.

HEADQUARTERS AT 321 MAIN ST.,
MEMPHIS, Tenn.

J. A. CAMERON & CO., Agents

For the United States and Territories. Agents wanted in every county in the United States. Exclusive agencies granted by Counties or States. Terms liberal.

We are pleased to make reference to the following parties who have put the DASHER to use. Their experience and opinions ought to satisfy the most incredulous: if however, such testimonials are not sufficient, you will not be convinced of the fact without a trial for yourself. If, after it does not equal every expectation, return the DASHER and get the price paid:

Judge Nathe F Hill,	Col H T Tomlinson,
Col W Underwood,	Major M J Wicks,
Col H H Potter,	E F Ball, Esq,
Newton Ford, Esq,	R S Cockrell, Gayoso
Rev W C Johnson, Christian Advocate,	House;
Capt Joseph Lenow,	Hon Arch Wright,
W B Waldran,	H A Montgomery,
M D Deadrick, Esq,	John Harbert, Esq,
H B Berlen, Esq,	Dr J Y Cummings,
E Whitmore, Evening Ledger,	Dr A Burleson,
Major H D Fulkley,	Major D Winter,
Dr S Hinson, Memphis;	Marcus Jones, Esq,
Mark Brock, Brownsville;	J F Frank, Esq,
G W Gadson German-town;	Rev Dr G H Gray, Lagrange;
E W Caldwell, Shelby county;	G Brown, Clarksville;
Col S Adams, Stanton's;	Maj T R Williams, Macon's;
Wm Hodges, Okolona;	Richard Sanford, Covington, Tenn;
Rev Moses Brock, Miss;	J M Deloach, Woodville;
T D Jackson, Coahoma;	Dr Priddy, Oakland;
Ben Mosby, Hernando;	Wm McKnight, Iuka;
C F Friersch, Oxford;	Dr R W Martin, Red Banks;
John J Wilkins, Holly Springs;	Dr A M Caruthers, Orville;
Dr W M Phillips, Chatawa;	H R Lucas, Vicksburg;
Mrs Kyle, Canton, Miss;	T L Matthews, Indianola;
W P Gaddis, Esq,	Thos B King, Searcy;
Gen T C Hindman, Helena;	R D Bond, Jacksonport;
Revd H M Granade, Fayetteville, Ark;	Rev J F Lee, Lexington, Va;
Mrs E A Joyce, Hampton, Va;	T H Wilkes, Louisville, Ky;
Dr J M Owens, Russellville, Ky;	Mrs C H McLean, Owensboro, Ky;
Gen Buford, Woolfolk county, Ky;	Col J Fackler, Huntsville, Ala;
James M Warren, Hillsboro, Ala;	Maj R C Myers, Millican, Texas;
D Sanders, Jefferson, Texas, etc., etc., etc.	

Retail Price - $3 00, Everywhere.

Terms invariably Cash on delivery. No better opportunity for men of small means to realize a handsome profit than by agencies for sale of the FINLEY CHURN DASHER. Apply in per on, or (enclosing with stamp) for particulars, to J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
General Agents, 321 Main st., Memphis, Tenn.

Remaining counties yet open for agency of FINLEY CHURN DASHER in North and Middle Mississippi, Western Tennessee and Arkansas. Some States North and South open for agency, on liberal terms.
J. A. CAMERON & CO.

Parties owning desirable city or suburban property, who wish to convert it quickly and to good advantage, can make transactions through the FINLEY CHURN DASHER for extensive western territory. The profits can be made immediate on the Pacific Coast and other portions of the far West. Call and see us, and inducements may be offered that perhaps, may please you very much.
J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
321 Main street.

The FINLEY CHURN DASHER shipped to any address on receipt of THREE DOLLARS, or by express "C. O. D."
J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
jan19 321 Main street, Memphis.

GRAND SPECIAL SCHEME

—OF THE—

RALEIGH MINERAL SPRINGS,

TO BE DRAWN ON OR ABOUT

February 15, 1868,

Under the direct auspices of the following well known Citizens of Memphis:

DIRECTORS.

N. CORONNA, Pres't German National Bank;
JOHN S. TOOF, of Toof, Phillips & Co.;
W. L. SHEPHERD, late of W. L. Shepherd Bros.;
ROLFE S. SAUNDERS, U. S. Collector;
R. R. PITTMAN, of R. R. Pittman & Co.;
GEO. H. LEGUERE, of Ward & Leguere.

N. CORONNA, Treasurer.
DEPOSITORY—German National Bank.
F. Y. ROCKETT, Financial Secretary.

$34,500 IN PREMIUMS.

NUMBER of PRIZES, 25.

CERTIFICATES, $5 EACH.

A Fortune or a Homestead for $5.

CAPITAL PRIZE VALUED AT $20,000 00.

Which amount has recently been offered for the Springs and grounds immediately surrounding.

PRIZE NO. 1.

The celebrated Raleigh Mineral Springs, situated in the confines of Raleigh, late County Seat of Shelby county, Tenn., nine miles northeast of Memphis, and two miles from Wells Station, on the Memphis and Louisville Railroad. These Springs are six and number, of various mineral and medicinal qualities, and are visited every Summer by thousands of seekers of health and pleasure, from all quarters of the country. They are within a few steps of the village of Raleigh, in a beautiful valley, and also within a few hundred feet of Wolf river, which winds around the base of the eminence on which the village of Raleigh is situated, and affords into the "Water of Waters" at Memphis. Numerous remarkable cures of various diseases have been experienced by sojourners at this health-inspiring retreat, and the present proprietor, Col. J. M. Coleman, can produce evidences of curefulness of cures in cases which had been actually given overby medical skill. The grand surrounding the Springs, and in fact the entire village of Raleigh, rises to an eminence of pure air, and is a remarkable for its healthfulness as for the beauty of location. The Springs are in fine order, never failing, and designated as follows:

MARBLE SPRING,
BOX SPRING,
MAGNOLIA SPRING,
ARSENIC SPRING,
SULPHUR SPRING,
FREESTONE SPRING.

The place has never been visited by epidemic of any kind, and persons in search of restored health fulness is the longevity of the inhabitants. The oldest citizens of Shelby county are residents of Raleigh.

The Springs are as much resorted to by pleasure seekers as for health, owing to beauty of scenery and various artificial as well as natural attractions. Connected with the Springs are a Pavilion, 40 feet square, Bowling Alley, Reading Saloon, Genis Bowling Alley, Saloon, Billiard Room, Gymnasium, Refreshment Tables, etc., while Wolf river affords excellent boating and fishing.

The grounds embracing the Springs, in the above scheme are included in the First Prize, are fifteen acres in extent, overlooking the valley, and affords in addition to the Springs, quite a grand hotel and other buildings; splendid **Cottages for a few, procurable.**

An analysis of the several Springs, by distinguished medical men, shows that they possess properties equal to any Springs in the country, and are surpassed by any in the United States. There is now in Raleigh a Raleigh Shanghai, become as famous as Sarntogs, Sharon or Lebanon, and are largely patronized. It needs only capital and enterprise to complete its fame.

A charter is before the State Legislature for the incorporation of the Springs, and a movement has been inaugurated looking to direct rail communication with Memphis.

For the present, $20,000 was recently offered, which was declined in order that the above scheme may be fully carried out.

PRIZE NO 2.

The elegant country mansion house and lot residence of Col. J. M. Coleman is within a few yards of the Springs. The house is in first class order, contains 10 rooms and is beautifully embowered in shrubbery. The lot is well fenced and ornamented with fine shade and fruit trees, and affords all necessary outhouses, cisterns, etc. It is midway between the village and Spring Valley, on the main promenade. Value $8000.

PRIZE NO. 3.

One thousand dollars in cash.

PRIZE NO. 4 TO 25.

Twenty-two cottage lots valued at $250 each. These lots are a portion of the village of Raleigh, delightfully situated, all fronting on thoroughfares and will be drawn with the understanding that the winners shall have free access at all times to the Springs and belongings.

Details of the Drawing.

Six thousand and seven hundred tickets, representing the certificates issued, will be placed in one wheel, and the same number of blanks, including twenty five inscribed with the names of the premiums, will be placed in another. From these wheels tickets will be drawn at the same time, and the number drawn will take the premium drawn simultaneously.

All moneys received for sale of these shares will be placed in the German National Bank of Memphis, and will remain there to the credit of the Association until the drawing takes place.

References.

C F Chamberlain & Co	R Lowenstine Bros
Rice, Stix & Co	P Babb
G Falls	E M Apperson & Co
	O C Boone & Co.

NOTICE.

Persons ordering Certificates by mail can send the amount in five dollars in registered letters, and postoffice or other drafts, payable to our order for larger amounts, at our risk, with address of town, county and State carefully written.

All orders for certificates, and communications should be addressed to

F. Y. ROCKETT,
Financial Secretary,
At Phœnix Mutual Ins. Co. Bethel Block, 290 Main street, Memphis, Tenn.
ja8 1d

New Orleans Fruit Store.

ESTABLISHED FOR 36 YEARS. A. TORRE & Co., wholesale dealers and importers in Foreign and Domestic Fruits. No. 3 Canal street, New Orleans. Sales made on the levee on commission on all kinds of Fruits, Vegetables, Poultry, etc.
jan28 1w1mem-6m

ANTHONY HOUSE,

LITTLE ROCK, ARK.

HENRY & BOTSFORD, Proprietors.

Good Fare and Careful Attention.
feb20

NEW YORK CARDS.

CONSIGN YOUR GOODS

—TO—

BLACK, SHERLOCK & CO.,

WHOLESALE GROCERS

GENERAL

COMMISSION MERCHANTS, SHIPPERS,

AND DEALERS IN ALL KINDS OF

PROVISIONS,

Western & Southern Produce.

TEAS,	FLOUR,
COFFEE,	BUTTER,
SUGARS,	CHEESE,
MOLASSES,	LARD,
SPICES,	PORK,
RICE,	BEEF,
TOBACCO,	EGGS,
WINES,	FRUITS,
HOPS,	GRAIN,
ETC., ETC.	

Messrs. Black, Sherlock & Co.,

Having the most extensive connections in European and South American ports, are now prepared to make the

MOST LIBERAL ADVANCES

—AND—

IMMEDIATE RETURNS

—ON ALL—

KINDS OF PRODUCE,

and Merchants, Planters, Farmers generally throughout the country, will find it greatly to their advantage to ship their goods to

Messrs. Black, Sherlock & Co.,

50 Vesey Street, New York.

Having immense orders unfilled from our correspondents in Liverpool, Havana, St. Thomas, and several South American ports, we are in immediate want of the above mentioned articles of produce.

We can also handle to advantage for our Southern friends,

COTTON, TOBACCO,
RICE, SUGARS,
MOLASSES, Etc.

Remaining counties yet open for agency of FINLEY CHURN DASHER in North and Middle Mississippi, Western Tennessee and Arkansas. Some States North and South open for agency, on liberal terms.
J. A. CAMERON & CO.

Parties owning desirable city or suburban property, who wish to convert it quickly and to good advantage, can make transactions through the FINLEY CHURN DASHER for extensive western territory. The profits can be made immediate on the Pacific Coast and other portions of the far West. Call and see us, and inducements may be offered that perhaps, may please you very much.
J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
321 Main street.

The FINLEY CHURN DASHER shipped to any address on receipt of THREE DOLLARS, or by express "C. O. D."
J. A. CAMERON & CO.,
jan19 321 Main street, Memphis.

TRANSPORTATION.

ONLY RELIABLE ROUTE

In, To, Out Of, or

THROUGH ARKANSAS.

STEAMBOAT

—AND—

STAGE LINE!

MEMPHIS AND WHITE RIVER

Packet Company's First Class Passenger and United States Mail Steamers,

COMMERCIAL AND LIBERTY NO. 2,

Leaving Memphis every Tuesday and Saturday

COMING WEST,

Leaving DeVall's Bluff every Wednesday and Saturday

GOING EAST,

Connecting at Memphis with all Trains

For Northern and Eastern Cities.

Connecting at DeVall's Bluff with the Trains of the

Memphis and Little Rock R. R.,

Provided with comfortable Cars and efficient officials,

CONNECTING AT LITTLE ROCK

—WITH—

J. D. CHIDISTER & CO.'S

United States

MAIL STAGES

—TO ALL—

POINTS SOUTH AND WEST

IN ARKANSAS.

Commodious Coaches, Fine Teams, and Sober Drivers.

THROUGH TICKET SYSTEM

Thoroughly inaugurated, saving passengers money and trouble.

Persons Going East or Coming West

Will find this route perfectly reliable at all seasons, being the

UNITED STATES MAIL LINE.

THROUGH TICKETS

For sale at all Railroad Offices in Memphis and at all connecting lines East of Memphis, and all Stage Offices of Little Rock.

General Western Ticket Office,
At the Anthony House, Little Rock.

John B. Davis,
Supt't M. and W. R. Packet Co., Memphis.

James W. Robertson,
Supt't M. and L. R. R. R., Little Rock.

John T. Chidister,
Supt't Stage Lines, Little Rock.

H. C. Robards,
General Ticket Agent, Little Rock.

Tickets Can be Procured in Memphis at the Offices of

Levy & Miller, 5 Jefferson street.
Larry Harmstad & Co.,
Corner Main and Madison.
Overton Ticket Office,
Overton Hotel.
Memphis and Charleston R. R.,
Corner South Court and Main.
Memphis and Ohio R. R. Office,
278½ Main street.
jan28

RELIABLE

FREIGHT LINE

TO AND FROM

LITTLE ROCK, ARK.,

—VIA—

WHITE RIVER PACKET CO.,

—AND—

Memphis and Little Rock R. R.

The Staunch Steamers

COMMERCIAL AND LIBERTY NO. 2,

Leave Memphis for DeVall's Bluff

Every Tuesday and Saturday,

Connecting with Trains of the Memphis and Little Rock Railroad East and West.

SHIPPERS

Are assured that rates of freight by this line will be as low as by any other.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING.

Freights delivered at the door of the Consignee in Little Rock.

Route Open at all Seasons of the Year,

Thus saving Shippers Time, Trouble, Drayage and vexatious delays.

INSURANCE

By this line less than by any other.

Every attention given to interests of Shippers. Freights for points above Little Rock on Arkansas river, will receive special attention.

Apply to

J. W. Robertson,
Supt't M. and L. R. R. R., Little Rock.
H. D. Parker,
General Freight Agent, Little Rock.
John B. Davis,
Supt't M. and W. R. Packet Co., Memphis.
Larry Harmstad & Co.,
Steamboat Agents, Memphis.
Levy & Miller,
Agents, Memphis.
jan28

MEMPHIS APPEAL.

The following beautiful and touching lines, dedicated to Mrs. Gen. Williams, of Memphis, were written by a gifted daughter of Virginia, now residing in Fayette county, Tenn., who favors the APPEAL, occasionally, with her contributions:

ON THE DEATH OF A FAVORITE CHILD.

He is no longer there!—her lovely bright boy
Is gone from the children's fold;
For his light bounding step, and his merry voice,
Are heard not now, as of old!
But they miss him there yet—for the vacant place,
Is held in a reverence dear;
And they seem to feel, that the absent brother,
In spirit still lingers near.

They have gathered his toys, and his little books,
And put them sacredly by,
Where nothing can ever disturb them again,
Save the mother's loving eye.
But she feels, as she looks so painfully round,
And sees not the favorite one,
That the balmiest of all, for a mother to say,
"Let God's holy will be done!"

When the morning sun, with its brightest gay flush,
Streams in through the open door;
And the children arouse from sleep—then she
Of them no more wakes no more.
When the noonday comes,—and they gather 'er round,
The board that is spread with care,
Her full eye tearfully, wistfully falls,
On the little empty chair.

At the evening hour, when 'tis time for the rest
To sleep in the children's bed,
Then she bitterly turns from the vacant place,
And feels that her child is dead.
And oft when with throbbing heart she is kneeling,
To pour out her soul in prayer,
She feels she could pray with unfaltering voice
If that one dear child were there.

Oh, Thou! from Whose hand all creation has sprung,
Who *hast made the mother's heart,*
Temper the grief that fond nature endureth—
Help it to bear its own part!
Lift up the spirit from desolate yearnings,
Wipe off the stain of its blight!
And speak to the chaos of gloom and sorrow,
Let there, oh! "*let there be light!*"

WILLIE A. QUARLES.

For the Sunday Appeal.]

A ROSE-CROSS SONG.

BY REV. DR. NICHOLSON.

If we meet no more where we met last night
To join in the cruiskeen's song,
Let us hope to meet in a land more bright,
And the magical strain prolong.

The house of the Butler, "not made with hands,"
Has a chamber for you and me,
And there we shall join the *Yankee* bands
Of the true Rosicrucians.

We shall know them, too, and by them be known
Without giving the *Word or Sign,*
For the Master's *Mark* will be there out-shown
In each face by a force divine!

In that fair land we shall sit and sing,
And be free as the summer bird,
And evolve a new new joy shall bring
To all who have kept the *Word.*

If we meet no more as we met last night
To join in the senile song—
Let us hope to meet in a land more bright,
And the strain of the craft prolong.

MISCELLANEOUS PARAGRAPHS.

CHIHUAHUA GOLD MINES.—Much is being said about the Chihuahua gold mines, and much more is to be said; for which reason we propose to state a few facts for the information of feverish gold hunters. An inspection of the mines by parties lately formed California miners establishes the fact that gold in large quantities has been discovered. The mines are of incomparable richness. It is interspersed in fine particles through the earth. The mines cover a large territory of variable richness. So far, so good.

On the surface, with these facts before them, thousands would pull up stakes and steer for Chihuahua—only eleven days travel from the border, unfortunately there is another side to this picture. The mines are in a country where there is no water—not within some miles of the gold beds. As a consequence the dirt has to be carried to water; which is not a very paying business so far.

Before these mines can be made to pay, capitalists will have to go into the country, and either dig artesian wells or construct railroads to carry the gold bearing earth to water. Considering the immensity of the mines, the mountainous country surrounding them, there is very little doubt that artesian wells could be successfully bored and at no very great cost.

It is true that recent discoveries of gold have been made on the banks of running streams of the main mines, but accounts are contradictory as to the richness and extent of the new mines. The indications now are that the mines of Chihuahua will not be worked to any extent; at least not under the present order of things in Mexico; for no capitalists will be found willing to risk money in any enterprise in Mexico under the present government.—*Ranchero.*

IN CONTROVERSY YET.—The estate is not entirely settled yet. Madame Burr, the widow of Stephen Jumel, and subsequently the wife for a few days of Aaron Burr, died in 1865 at the advanced age of 93, having made a will bequeathing, in the usual generosity, derived from her first husband, to trustees for religious benevolent purposes. The will, however, was broken, on the ground of insanity of the testator, and the property went to Nelson Chase, who had married the niece and adopted daughter of Madame Jumel. John and Phœbe Connor, of Providence, R. I., the parents of the crazy-rich old women of 93 have children, a son and two daughters, who claim on the ground that the property assigned to Mr. Chase, who, under the supposition that no other heirs were in existence, entered into possession of the property, principally consisting of property worth over one million dollars in High Bridge, New York City. The children of the brother, J. Bowen, now come forward, denying that their father was young and without issue, and claiming their share. An aged lady of Providence is the principal witness for the plaintiffs, but it has transpired that counsel will not permit her to be subjected to the ordeal of a *viva voce* examination. The case promises to take wings and fly away. It will be tremely annoying to Nelson Chase, who has had trouble enough already to secure a fortune.

JANUARY AND JULY.—A singular coincidence occured Sunday night, Jan. 5th. A woman of some forty-four summers, and a youth of less than sixteen. The woman had two children older than the youth, and the latter got along as a sick kitten. They were from parts unknown and departed on an early morning train for the same region. They first applied to a preacher and offered him fifty cents for the splicing. He declined, but before church was over, after which the making one of those two twain was to be accomplished, the pair were told they could be "joined" for "nary red." This filled the bill of expectations and they were married. On the third story of a big brick building. One Justice held a candle, while another proceeded to do as the laws of Georgia direct in such cases, and which the "piebald" have not yet altered, as the rule is to obey to be made by it. The "solemn doings" was concluded with the sublime exhortation: "May the Lord take a liking to you; for I can't!" and the happy pair with the "chillun," rejecting all overtures to longer remain, left for the railroad to watch their "truck." The entire affair was rich, rare and racy.—*Columbus (Ga.) Sun.*

A BRILLIANT RULES.—The New York *Times* says that it is a little dangerous to intrust railroad conductors with plenary power in enforcing arbitrary rules—particularly when the company have no right to make the world to live by the rules. In Minnesota, the telegraph tells us, a school-teacher named Connor was put off the cars for failing to pay the extra ten cents exacted for not buying his ticket at the station—and was frozen to death. It does not even say that he "refused" to pay but "failed." Railway companies are authorized to charge a certain rate per mile for transportation over their roads; but the manner of payment is not defined, and the failure of passengers to use the regular station offices, often, as it happens, by no fault of theirs, gives no right for the imposition of a fine. It is like the statement on car tickets, that "this Company will not be responsible for any baggage over the value of $100." These arbitrary rules are well enough, perhaps, to make passengers careful of the company's convenience; but when it comes to an absolute enforcement of them, the passengers have some rights to be respected also. And here is a man frozen to death for ten cents.

LEGAL.

Case No. 161.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of H. Beatus & Co., Bankrupts. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of H. Beatus & Co., of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, within said district, who have been adjudged bankrupts upon their own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 25th day of January, A. D. 1868.

WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, Etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
jan26

Case No. 20.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of R. P. Hollins, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Geo. E. Yeatman, of Nashville, in the county of Davidson, and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Memphis, Tenn., the 22nd day of January, A. D. 1868.

WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, Etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
jan25

Case No. 3.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Nehemiah W. Hansell, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 16th day of January, A. D. 1868.

WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, Etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
jan17

Case No. 5.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Alexander Bowers, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as Assignee of Alexander Bowers, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 16th day of January, A. D. 1868.

WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, Etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
jan17 law 3w fri sat mon

Case No. 6.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of S. D. Truehent, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of S. D. Truehent, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tenn., the 17th day of January, A. D. 1868.

WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
jan18 law3w

Case No. 132.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Geo. E. Yeatman, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Geo. E. Yeatman, of Nashville, in the county of Davidson, and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Memphis, Tenn., the 22nd day of January, A. D. 1868.

WM. Y. CIRODE, Assignee, etc.,
No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
jan25 law3w

Case No. 21.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Wm. S. Southworth, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Wm. S. Southworth, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 22d day of January, A. D. 1868.

WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, Etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
jan25 law3w

Case No. 28.

In the District Court of the United States for the district of West Tennessee. In the matter of A. W. Southworth, Bankrupt. In Bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of A. W. Southworth, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tennessee the 22d day of January, A. D. 1868.

W. Y. CIRODE Assignee, etc.,
No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
jan26 law3w

Case No. 153.

In the District Court of the United States for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Wm. H. Nance, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Wm. H. Nance, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 22d day of January, A. D. 1868.

W. Y. CIRODE, Assignee, etc.,
No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
jan25 law3w

Case No. 132.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Geo. E. Yeatman, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Geo. E. Yeatman, of Nashville, in the county of Davidson, and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said District.

Memphis, Tenn., the 22nd day of January, A. D. 1868.

WM. Y. CIRODE, Assignee, etc.,
No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
jan25 law3w

Case No. 3.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Nehemiah W. Hansell, of Memphis, in the county of Shelby, and State of Tennessee, within said district, who has been adjudged a bankrupt upon his own petition, by the District Court of said district.

Memphis, Tennessee, the 16th day of January, A. D. 1868.

WILLIAM Y. CIRODE,
Assignee, Etc., No. 450 Main street, Waldran Block.
jan17 law3w

Case No. 5.

In the District Court of the United States, for the District of West Tennessee. In the matter of Alexander Bowers, Bankrupt. In bankruptcy, District of West Tennessee—ss.

To whom it may concern:

THE undersigned hereby gives notice of his appointment as assignee of Alexander